Maletswai



[These financial statements have not been audited]

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2015

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

GENERAL INFORMATION

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Maletswai Municipality (EC143) is a local municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution. (Act no 108 of 1996)

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM

South African Category B Municipality (Local Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act. (Act no 117 of 1998)

JURISDICTION

The Maletswai Local Municipality includes the following areas:

Aliwal North Jamestown

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

Mr. M.P Nonjola

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. T. Maseko

REGISTERED OFFICE

Corner Somerset & Barkley Street, Aliwal North, 9750

AUDITORS

Auditor General South Africa

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

First National Bank, Aliwal North

RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Municipal Finance Management Act (Act no 56 of 2003) **Division of Revenue Act** The Income Tax Act Value Added Tax Act Municipal Structures Act (Act no 117 of 1998) Municipal Systems Act (Act no 32 of 2000) Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations Housing Act (Act no 107 of 1997) Municipal Property Rates Act (Act no 6 of 2004) Electricity Act (Act no 41 of 1987) Skills Development Levies Act (Act no 9 of 1999) Employment Equity Act (Act no 55 of 1998) Unemployment Insurance Act (Act no 30 of 1966) Basic Conditions of Employment Act (Act no 75 of 1997) Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2011 **Collective Agreements** Infrastructure Grants SALBC Leave Regulations

ATTORNEYS

Douglas and Botha Horn & Kumm

MEMBERS OF THE MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL

Mayor/PR Councillor	Cllr N S Mathetha
PR Councillor	Cllr E S Mbana
PR Councillor	Cllr G D Fourie
PR Councillor	Cllr H du Preez
PR Councillor	Cllr M Jan
PR Councillor	Cllr MB Mtshingana
Ward 1 Councillor	Cllr KS Lange
Ward 2 Councillor	Cllr MW Mokhoabane
Ward 3 Councillor	Cllr ZE Betana
Ward 4 Councillor	Cllr P Williams
Ward 5 Councillor	Cllr M Mdumisa
Ward 6 Councillor	Cllr M Tsolanku

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015, which are set out on pages 1 to 93 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP).

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied on.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2016 and is satisfied that the Municipality can continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently reviewing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

Mr. M.P Nonjola Municipal Manager Date

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	Notes	2015 (Actual) R	2014 (Restated) R
Net Assets		169 694 117	191 231 634
Accumulated Surplus		169 694 117	191 231 634
Non-Current Liabilities		18 934 268	21 100 077
Annuity Loans Hire Purchases Capitalised Lease Liability Employee benefits Non-Current Provisions	3.1 3.2 3.3 4 5	2 268 101 1 019 091 - 11 384 726 4 262 350	2 354 698 1 856 991 638 348 12 362 330 3 887 711
Current Liabilities		99 762 692	71 533 315
Consumer Deposits Current Employee benefits Provisions Payables from exchange transactions Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Annuity Loans Hire Purchases Capitalised Lease Liability	6 7 9 10.1 3.1 3.2 3.3	1 901 487 8 037 887 305 902 76 666 439 11 150 680 221 538 839 809 638 950	2 019 593 7 938 605 328 172 51 883 110 7 697 500 210 863 889 936 565 536
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		288 391 077	283 865 026
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		257 218 506	261 274 629
Property, Plant and Equipment		204 779 096	208 149 507
Property, Plant and Equipment (Excluding Capitalised Restoration Costs) Capitalised Restoration Costs	12.1 12.2	204 779 096 -	208 149 507 -
Investment Property Intangible Assets Heritage Assets Non-Current Investments Biological Assets	13 14 15 16 17	47 570 216 275 846 2 321 543 780 905 1 490 900	47 880 058 315 109 2 321 543 740 904 1 867 509
Current Assets		31 172 571	22 590 397
Inventory Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Unpaid Government Grants and Receipts Taxes Cash and Cash Equivalents	18 19 20 10.2 11 22	667 648 8 590 155 2 060 233 1 096 000 5 252 797 13 505 738	755 524 8 348 562 2 416 463 - 2 174 367 8 895 481
Total Assets		288 391 077	283 865 026

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

REVENUE Solution		Notes	2015 (Actual) R	2014 (Restated) R
Taxation Revenue 11 150 337 11 436 797 Property taxes 23 11 150 337 11 436 797 Transfer Revenue 38 749 187 38 763 618 Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Public Contributions and Donations 24 7 138 989 8 413 960 Other Revenue 2 697 570 5 057 469 30 349 668 Actuarial Gains 4 2 349 666 93 118 Trind Party Payments 2 697 570 5 057 469 Fines 2 2697 570 5 057 469 Other Income 26 9 151 549 68 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 5 61 11 756 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 68 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 5 61 11 756 Rental of Facilities and Equipment 1798 424 2 073 733 2 04 734 Interest Earned - external investments 1798 424 2 073 733 2 139 294 Gother Income 26 14 265 532 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 1700 836 4 705 500 Fair Value Adjustments 29 3 4	REVENUE			
Property taxes 23 11 150 337 11 436 797 Transfer Revenue 38 749 187 38 763 618 Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating 24 7 138 989 30 349 658 Public Contributions and Donations 24 7 138 989 30 349 658 Other Revenue 2 697 570 5 057 469 Actuarial Gains 4 2 349 666 93 118 Trine Other Income 26 93 118 32 213 4 634 330 Other Revenue 2 609 7570 2 609 7570 4 634 330 Other Income 26 93 118 32 213 4 634 330 Other Income 26 93 11549 68 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 56 111 756 Rental of Facilities and Equipment 1 987 503 2 094 734 Interest Earned - outstanding debtors 1 700 836 1 700 836 1 700 836 Licences and Permits 7 100 836 1 700 836 1 700 836 1 436 532 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 30 6 122 221 4 10 352 1 10 352 Fair Value Adjustments 27 <th>Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions</th> <th></th> <th>52 597 094</th> <th>55 257 883</th>	Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		52 597 094	55 257 883
Transfer Revenue 38 749 187 38 763 618 Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital 24 7 138 989 31 559 383 30 349 658 Other Revenue 24 31 559 383 50 815 30 349 658 Actuarial Gains 4 2 349 666 93 118 224 7766 Other Revenue 26 97 570 5 057 469 Actuarial Gains 4 2 349 666 93 118 Other Income 26 91 51 549 68 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 5 6111 756 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 68 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 5 6111 756 Agency Services 1 997 503 2 094 734 48002 Interest Earned - outstanding debtors 1 700 836 1 700 836 1 700 836 Agency Services 1 700 836 1 700 836 1 700 836 1 23 756 700 EXPENDITURE 29 3 484 708 3 280 731 1 20 58 54 11 896 931 Employee related costs 28 4 2 055 972 4 1 059 964 1 896 931 1 896 931 1 80 633 <th>Taxation Revenue</th> <th></th> <th>11 150 337</th> <th>11 436 797</th>	Taxation Revenue		11 150 337	11 436 797
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Public Contributions and Donations 24 7 138 989 31 559 383 50 815 8 413 960 30 30 349 658 50 815 Other Revenue 2 697 570 5 057 469 Actuarial Gains Third Party Payments Fines 2 349 666 322 013 93 118 225 891 322 013 93 118 24 634 390 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 668 498 817 Service Charges Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - external investments 19 957 503 19 957 503 2 014 734 478 002 Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - outstanding debors Licences and Permits 17 98 424 2 073 733 2 073 733 1700 836 4 705 050 Other Income 26 121 748 643 123 756 700 EXPENDITURE 121 748 643 123 756 700 Employee related costs Remuneration of Councillors 29 3 464 708 32 09 731 383 709 Total Revenue 21 1748 643 123 756 700 Employee related costs Remuneration of Councillors 29 3 464 708 32 09 731 31 12 055 954 Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment 30 6 122 221 41 1059 361 31 12 055 954 11896 331 31 19 1597 Grants and Maintenanc	Property taxes	23	11 150 337	11 436 797
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating Public Contributions and Donations 24 31 559 383 50 815 30 349 658 50 87 570 Other Revenue 2 697 570 5 057 469 Actuarial Gains Third Party Payments Fines 2 30 349 668 50 815 93 118 82 164 322 013 Fines 2 349 666 322 013 93 118 82 164 322 013 82 164 247 796 4 63 498 817 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 68 498 817 Service Charges Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - external investments 1957 503 562 243 342 186 20 117 756 562 243 342 186 Licences and Permits Agency Services Other Income 26 14 365 332 1 700 836 4 705 050 170 352 Other Income 26 14 56 532 1 700 836 2 133 756 700 EXPENDITURE 21 748 643 123 756 700 Employee related costs Remuneration of Councillors 29 3 464 708 3 220 731 32 20 731 Depreciation and Amortisation Impairment 30 30 6 122 221 4 1059 964 Repairs and Maintenance 33 3 83 783 34 127 032 4 720 986 4 953 452 4 842 17 032 5 84 7 73 006 Bulk Purchases General Expenses 34 4 7 230 986 4 953 45	Transfer Revenue		38 749 187	38 763 618
Actuarial Gains 4 2 349 666 93 118 Third Party Payments 26 25 891 322 013 4 634 390 Cher Income 26 26 27 796 4 634 390 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 68 498 817 2 04 734 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 56 111 756 Rental of Facilities and Equipment 1 957 503 2 094 734 Interest Earned - outstanding debtors 562 243 342 186 Licences and Permits 1 798 424 2 073 733 Agency Services 1 700 836 4 705 050 Other Income 26 1 435 532 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 392 609 170 352 383 709 Total Revenue 121 748 643 123 756 700 124 748 02 221 4 121 301 Depter leated costs 28 42 055 972 41 059 964 382 097 31 Remuneration of Councillors 29 3 464 708 3 290 731 30 612 221 4 121 301 Depter leated costs 28 42 055 972 41 059 964 489 931 11 896 931 11 896 931 <th>Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating</th> <th></th> <td>31 559 383</td> <td></td>	Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating		31 559 383	
Third Party Payments 25 891 32 164 Fines 322 013 247 796 Other Income 26 - 4 634 390 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 66 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 56 111 756 Revenue from Exchange Transactions 69 151 549 66 498 817 Service Charges 25 60 612 679 2 094 734 Interest Earned - external investments 1 95 75 03 2 094 734 Interest Earned - outstanding debtors 562 243 342 186 Licences and Permits 1 798 424 2 073 733 Agency Services 1 708 824 2 073 733 Other Income 26 1 456 532 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 70 383 709 70 Fair Value Adjustments 27 - 383 709 Total Revenue 121 748 643 123 756 700 Expenditure 29 3 464 708 3 290 731 Debt Impairment 30 6 122 221 4 1 059 964 Requiris and Maintenance 33 3 687 353 4 127	Other Revenue		2 697 570	5 057 469
Service Charges 25 60 612 679 56 111 756 Rental of Facilities and Equipment 1 957 503 670 724 478 002 Interest Earned - external investments 562 243 342 186 1798 424 2 073 733 Agency Services 1 700 836 4 705 050 170 352 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 26 1 456 532 2 139 294 Fair Value Adjustments 27 - 383 709 Total Revenue 121 748 643 123 756 700 EXPENDITURE 29 3 464 708 3 290 731 Debt Impairment 30 6 12 221 4 121 301 Depreciation and Amortisation 31 12 058 594 11 896 931 Impairments 32 191 597 262 447 Repairs and Maintenance 33 3 687 353 4 127 032 Actuarial losses 4 - 48 482 Finance Charges 34 7 230 986 4 953 452 Bulk Purchases 35 47 763 006 45 015 920 Grants and Su	Third Party Payments Fines		25 891	82 164 247 796
Rental of Facilities and Equipment 1 957 503 2 094 734 Interest Earned - external investments 670 724 478 002 Interest Earned - outstanding debtors 562 243 342 186 Licences and Permits 1 798 424 2 073 733 Agency Services 1 700 836 4 705 050 Other Income 26 1 456 532 2 139 294 Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment 27 - 383 709 Fair Value Adjustments 27 - 121 748 643 123 756 700 EXPENDITURE 121 748 643 123 756 700 383 709 Total Revenue 29 3 464 708 3 290 731 Debt Impairment 30 6 122 221 4 1 21 301 Depreciation and Amortisation 31 1 2 058 594 11 896 931 Impairments 32 191 597 262 447 Repairs and Maintenance 33 3 687 353 4 127 032 Actuarial losses 4 - 48 482 Finance Charges 34 7 230 986 4 953 452 Bulk Purchases 35 47 763 006 45 015 920	Revenue from Exchange Transactions	L		68 498 817
EXPENDITURE Employee related costs 28 42 055 972 41 059 964 Remuneration of Councillors 29 3 464 708 3 290 731 Debt Impairment 30 6 122 221 4 121 301 Depreciation and Amortisation 31 12 058 594 11 896 931 Impairments 32 191 597 262 447 Repairs and Maintenance 33 3 687 353 4 127 032 Actuarial losses 4 - 48 482 Finance Charges 34 7 230 986 4 953 452 Bulk Purchases 35 47 763 006 45 015 920 Grants and Subsidies Paid 36 391 251 386 505 Other Operating Grant Expenditure 37 3 342 076 4 065 735 General Expenses 38 16 239 502 17 490 178 Fair Value Adjustments 27 376 609 - Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment 362 285 607 510 Total Expenditure 143 286 160 137 326 187	Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - outstanding debtors Licences and Permits Agency Services Other Income Gain on disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment	26	1 957 503 670 724 562 243 1 798 424 1 700 836 1 456 532	2 094 734 478 002 342 186 2 073 733 4 705 050 2 139 294 170 352
Employee related costs2842 055 97241 059 964Remuneration of Councillors293 464 7083 290 731Debt Impairment306 122 2214 121 301Depreciation and Amortisation3112 058 59411 896 931Impairments32191 597262 447Repairs and Maintenance333 687 3534 127 032Actuarial losses4-48 482Finance Charges347 230 9864 953 452Bulk Purchases3547 763 00645 015 920Grants and Subsidies Paid36391 251386 505Other Operating Grant Expenditure373 342 0764 065 735General Expenses3816 239 50217 490 178Fair Value Adjustments27376 609-Loss on disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment362 285607 510Total Expenditure143 286 160137 326 187	Total Revenue		121 748 643	123 756 700
Remuneration of Councillors293 464 7083 290 731Debt Impairment306 122 2214 121 301Depreciation and Amortisation3112 058 59411 896 931Impairments32191 597262 447Repairs and Maintenance333 687 3534 127 032Actuarial losses4-48 482Finance Charges347 230 9864 953 452Bulk Purchases3547 763 00645 015 920Grants and Subsidies Paid36391 251386 505Other Operating Grant Expenditure373 342 0764 065 735General Expenses3816 239 50217 490 178Fair Value Adjustments27376 609-Loss on disposal of Property,Plant and Equipment362 285607 510Total Expenditure143 286 160137 326 187	EXPENDITURE			
	Remuneration of Councillors Debt Impairment Depreciation and Amortisation Impairments Repairs and Maintenance Actuarial losses Finance Charges Bulk Purchases Grants and Subsidies Paid Other Operating Grant Expenditure General Expenses Fair Value Adjustments	29 30 31 32 33 4 34 35 36 37 38	$\begin{array}{c} 3\ 464\ 708\\ 6\ 122\ 221\\ 12\ 058\ 594\\ 191\ 597\\ 3\ 687\ 353\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 3\ 290\ 731\\ 4\ 121\ 301\\ 11\ 896\ 931\\ 262\ 447\\ 4\ 127\ 032\\ 48\ 482\\ 4\ 953\ 452\\ 45\ 015\ 920\\ 386\ 505\\ 4\ 065\ 735\\ 17\ 490\ 178\\ \end{array}$
NET DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR (21 537 516) (13 569 487)	Total Expenditure		143 286 160	137 326 187
	NET DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR		(21 537 516)	(13 569 487)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Accumulated Surplus	Total
	R	R
Balance at 1 JULY 2013 - Previously stated	205 548 071	205 548 071
Prior Period Adjustments - See Note 39.10	(746 950)	(746 950)
Restated Balance at 1 JULY 2013 Net Deficit for the year	204 801 121 (13 569 487)	204 801 121 (13 569 487)
Restated Balance at 30 JUNE 2014	191 231 634	191 231 634
Net Deficit for the year	(21 537 516)	(21 537 516)
Balance at 30 JUNE 2015	169 694 117	169 694 117

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	30 JUNE 2015 (Actual) R	30 JUNE 2014 (Restated) R
Receipts			
Ratepayers and other Government Interest		69 989 015 41 055 552 1 232 967	74 589 192 44 987 756 820 188
Payments			
Suppliers Employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants		(49 339 935) (42 016 802) (5 788 602) (391 251)	(56 043 206) (40 227 973) (3 676 805) (386 505)
Cash generated by operations	40	14 740 943	20 062 648
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets Increase in Intangible Assets Increase in Non-current Investments	41 14	(8 680 589) 446 688 (74 855) (40 001)	(11 059 229) 260 986 (64 458) (38 001)
Net Cash from Investing Activities		(8 348 756)	(10 900 702)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(0 0 1 0 1 0 0)	(10 000 102)
Loans repaid Increase/(Decrease) in Consumer Deposits		(1 663 825) (118 105)	(1 553 537) 173 078
Net Cash from Financing Activities		(1 781 930)	(1 380 459)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	4 610 257	7 781 488
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	year 42	8 895 481 13 505 738	1 113 993 8 895 481
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	=	4 610 257	7 781 488

Refer to note 41 for further detail regarding the restatement of comparative figures

MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2015 R (Final Budget)	2015 R (Actual)	2015 R (Variance)	Explanations for material variances
ASSETS	(Final Budget)	(Actual)	(vanance)	
Current assets				
				Grant Fund set aside for Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG) projects. A separate bank account was opened on
Cash	2 513 393	13 505 738	(10 992 345)	which all capital expenditure payment are made. Significant portion represents the cash backed unspent conditional grant brought forward from previous year.
Consumer debtors	11 556 125	10 650 388	905 737	Decline in payment percentage due to challenges experienced in collecting debt such as increasing
Other Receivables	2 062 441	6 348 797	(4 286 356)	Amount includes input VAT in suspense which is directly related to the significant increase in payables.
Inventory	903 695	667 648	236 046	Stock on hand was utilised much quicker than anticipated or budgeted for
Total current assets	17 035 654	31 172 571	(14 136 917)	
Non current assets Investments	777 614	780 905	(3 290)	
investments	111 014	100 300	(3 2 3 0)	Total review of investment properties resulting in material adjustment. Investment Properties were reclassified in
	44 400 000	47 570 040		accordance with the standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice 16 and restated. Investment
Investment property	44 102 262	47 570 216	(3 467 955)	Properties were reviewed in line with the new General Valuation Roll. Total review of investment properties resulting in material adjustment. Investment Properties were reclassified in
				accordance with the standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice 16 and restated.Land and Buildings
Property, plant and equipment	210 188 522	204 779 096	5 409 425	were reviewed in line with the new General Valuation Roll.
				Total review of biological assets resulting in material adjustment. The valuation of all species have been revised upward. Buffaloes values were also revised to reflect market values and there was an additional buffalo in the
Biological Assets	1 399 800	1 490 900	(91 100)	current year.
Intangible Assets	321 120	275 846	45 274	
				Recognition of Heritage Assets as a required by GRAP 103, an accounting standard that became effective in 2015
Heritage Assets	-	2 321 543	(2 321 543)	financial year.
Total non current assets	256 789 318	257 218 506	(429 188)	
TOTAL ASSETS	273 824 972	288 391 078	(14 566 106)	

MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET (CONTINUED)

Explanations for material variances

2015 R	2015 R	2015 R	
(Final Budget)	(Actual)	(Variance)	
		· · · ·	
1 946 515	1 901 487	45 028	
41 317 088	87 817 119	(46 500 031)	
6 320 400	8 343 789	(2 023 389)	
50 953 917	99 762 692	(48 808 775)	
5 074 774	3 287 192	1 787 582	
16 192 552	15 647 076	545 476	
21 267 325	18 934 268	2 333 057	
72 221 243	118 696 960	(46 475 717)	
201 603 730	169 694 117	31 909 613	
201 603 730	169 694 117	31 909 612	
201 603 730	169 694 117	31 909 612	
	R (Final Budget) 1 369 915 1 946 515 41 317 088 6 320 400 50 953 917 5 074 774 16 192 552 21 267 325 72 221 243 201 603 730	R R (Final Budget) 1 700 297 1 369 915 1 700 297 1 946 515 1 901 487 41 317 088 87 817 119 6 320 400 8 343 789 50 953 917 99 762 692 5 074 774 3 287 192 16 192 552 15 647 076 21 267 325 18 934 268 72 221 243 118 696 960 201 603 730 169 694 117	R (Final Budget)R R (Actual)R (Variance)1 369 915 1 946 5151 700 297 1 946 515(330 382) 45 02841 317 08887 817 119(46 500 031) (46 500 031)6 320 4008 343 789 99 762 692(2 023 389)

Insufficient allocation for short term portion of in budget

Significant increase in Eskom Bulk Purchases, Joe Qqabi Water & Sanitaion payables and insufficient funds to make payment timely.

Budget based on prior year estimates provided by actuaries. Material actuarial gain in current year not budgeted for

Insufficient allocation made for redemption of borrowing in budget

Budget based on prior year estimates provided by actuaries. Material actuarial gain in current year not budgeted for

MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R	
	(Approved Budget)	(Adjustments)	(Final Budget)	Explanations for material adjustments
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	2 513 393	-	2 513 393	
Consumer debtors	11 556 125	-	11 556 125	
Other Receivables Inventory	2 062 441 903 695	-	2 062 441 903 695	
Total current assets	17 035 654	-	17 035 654	
Non current assets				
Investments	777 614	-	777 614	
Investment property	44 102 262	-	44 102 262	
Property, plant and equipment	210 188 522	-	210 188 522	
Biological Assets	1 399 800	-	1 399 800	
Intangible Assets	321 120	-	321 120	
Total non current assets	256 789 318	-	256 789 318	
TOTAL ASSETS	273 824 972	-	273 824 972	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Borrowing	1 369 915	-	1 369 915	
Consumer deposits	1 946 515	-	1 946 515	
Trade and other payables Provisions and Employee Benefits	41 317 088 6 320 400	-	41 317 088 6 320 400	
Total current liabilities	50 953 917	-	50 953 917	
Non current liabilities				
Borrowing	5 074 774	-	5 074 774	
Provisions and Employee Benefits	16 192 552	-	16 192 552	
Total non current liabilities	21 267 325	-	21 267 325	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	72 221 243		72 221 243	
NET ASSETS	201 603 730		201 603 730	
COMMUNITY WEALTH Accumulated Surplus	201 603 730	-	201 603 730	
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY			201 603 730	

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

		2015 R (Final Budget)	2015 R (Actual)	2015 R (Variance)	Explanations for material variances
REVE	ENUE BY SOURCE	(Final Budget)	(Actual)	(variance)	
	Property rates	12 783 120	11 150 337	1 632 783	Budget was based on the revised values as per the new general valuation conducted in 2013/14 Budget preparations was done on the basis of prior year actual plus an increase of
	Service charges	69 591 340	60 612 679	8 978 661	approximately 25%.
	Rental of facilities and equipment	2 208 570	1 957 503	251 067	Decrease in demand for the use of facilities such as chalets due to its low standard compared to other services in town such as the provision of Bed & Breakfast facilities.
	Interest earned - external investments	600 000	670 724	(70 724)	Interest earned on cash balances at the bank. The bank balance in the Capital projects dedicated account remained high during the year thus attracting high interest income.
	Interest earned - outstanding debtors	442 000	562 243	(120 243)	The debtors balance remained relatively constant during the year hence a slight variance with the budgeted amount.
	Fines	231 780	322 013	(90 233)	Increased roadblocks and other law enforcement activities resulted in increased fines and penalties.
	Licences and permits	2 152 170	1 798 424	353 746	The budget was based on the statistics from the prior year actuals with anticipation that there will be an increased number of licence renewals, learners licence applications, renewal of permits, etc. The factors on the increase such as licences are not within the control of the municipality.
	Agency services Government Grants and Subsidies -	1 947 380	1 700 836	246 544	The services rendered on behalf of the Department of Transport which attracts agency fees did not yield as per the anticipated budget. These services include the learners , drivers licensces, etc which are not within the control of the municipality.
	Operating	30 803 730	31 559 383	(755 653)	
	Other revenue	3 996 040	3 882 904	113 136	Actuarial Gains of approximately R2million resulting from the current employee benefits assessment increased significantly. The budget was based on the prior year actual
	Gains on disposal of PPE	66 400	392 609	(326 209)	The disposal of assets is entirely dependent on the auction prices and at the time of compiling the budget estimates were based on the prior year statistics.
Tota	I Operating Revenue	124 822 530	114 609 655	10 212 875	

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET (CONTINUED)

2015	2015	2015	
R	R	R	
(Final Budget)	(Actual)	(Variance)	Explanations for material variances

EXPENDITURE BY TYPE

	Employee related costs	45 088 170	42 055 972	3 032 198	The increase on salaries was based on 7% and the Local Bargaining Council only awarded a 6.84%. Positions that were budgeted but not filled.
	Remuneration of councillors	3 608 490	3 464 708	143 782	Ŭ
	Debt impairment	350 000	6 122 221	(5 772 221)	The budget was predominanly based on cash basis and this is a non cash flow item influnced by the economic conditions within the municipal jurisdiction.
	Depreciation & asset impairment	2 160 690	12 250 191	(10 089 501)	Increase due to deterioration on assets. The budget was predominanly based on cash basis and this is a non cash flow item influenced by the conditions of the asset
	Finance charges	627 140	7 230 986	(6 603 846)	Significant expenditure incurred due to late payment of creditors (ie ESKOM). No budget allocation for Employee Benefit Provisions.
	Bulk purchases	46 417 320	47 763 006	(1 345 686)	
	Grants and subsidies paid	-	391 251	(391 251)	Jamestown free basic electricity, refuse and green gel reallocated to an expense item in current year.
	Other expenditure	33 910 140	23 645 540	10 264 600	Implementation of cost cutting measures and inadequate cash inflows
	Loss on disposal of PPE	-	362 285	(362 285)	
Tot	al Operating Expenditure	132 161 950	143 286 160	(11 124 210)	
Оре	erating Deficit for the year	(7 339 420)	(28 676 505)	21 337 085	
	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	15 995 970	7 138 989	8 856 981	Variance mainly due to unspent funds rolled over to 2015/2016
Net	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	8 656 550	(21 537 516)	30 194 066	

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015	2015	2015	
	R	R	R	
	(Approved Budget)	(Adjustments)	(Final Budget)	Reasons for material adjustments
REVENUE BY SOURCE				
Property rates	12 783 120		12 783 120	
	73 239 640	-	69 591 340	
Service charges		(3 648 300)		
Rental of facilities and equipment	2 308 770	(100 200)	2 208 570	
				More interest provided due to investment of grant funding. More Interest earned on
				Grand Funding Investment than anticipated. The opening of a dedicated grant
				funding bank account which attracts a higher interest rate. The balance on grant
Interest earned - external investments	223 530	376 470	600 000	funding was high due the unspent conditional grant (MIG).
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	384 850	57 150	442 000	Changes in the payment patterns indicating possibility of increased debtors balance
Fines	231 780	-	231 780	
Licences and permits	3 090 000	(937 830)	2 152 170	Decreasing demand and registrations for learners' and drivers' licences
Agency services	2 198 700	(251 320)	1 947 380	Revision of agency fees to be in line with collection indicators.
Government Grants and Subsidies -				
Operating	30 682 100	121 630	30 803 730	
Other revenue	4 858 130	(862 090)	3 996 040	Alignment with the collection rate as per forecast year to date
Gains on disposal of PPE	34 000	32 400	66 400	
Total Operating Revenue	130 034 620	(5 212 090)	124 822 530	

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET (CONTINUED)

	2015	2015	2015	
	R	R	R	
	(Approved Budget)	(Adjustments)	(Final Budget)	Reasons for material adjustments
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE				
				The Water and Sanitation Staff transferred to the Joe Gqabi District Municipality between July and September 2014 were initially included in the budget and
Employee related costs	50 927 100	(5 838 930)	45 088 170	subsequently removed.
Remuneration of councillors	3 608 490	-	3 608 490	
Debt impairment	350 000	-	350 000	
Depreciation & asset impairment	2 160 690	-	2 160 690	
Finance charges	443 620	183 520	627 140	Increased interest charges due delays in payment of creditors as well as increases in prime lending rate by 0.25% on municipal borrowings
Bulk purchases	45 600 000	817 320	46 417 320	
Other expenditure	26 639 720	7 270 420	33 910 140	Revised due to increasing costs on subsistence & travelling, telephine costs, audit fees, training and other administrative costs
Total Operating Expenditure	129 729 620	2 432 330	132 161 950	
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	305 000	(7 644 420)	(7 339 420)	
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	10 399 290	5 596 680	15 995 970	Re-allocation of grant funding from Road paving to sports field project in Sarah Moroosi (R9million) and budget allocation for the IT network (R1.3million)
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	10 704 290	(2 047 740)	8 656 550	

MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2015 R (Final Budget)	2015 R (Actual)	2015 R (Variance)	Explanations for material variances
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts	(****************	((*********)	
Ratepayers and other	90 777 398	69 989 015	20 788 382	Decline in payment percentage and cash collections
Government	46 799 700	41 055 552	5 744 148	The budget included a rollover amount of R4.2 million and National Electrification Grant of R1.39 million.
Interest	898 080	1 232 967	(334 887)	Interest earned on MIG funds in the bank account.
Payments				Revised budget on transferred JGDM water and sanitation staff that was included in th original budget. Outstanding Creditors not fully settled during the
Suppliers and Employees	(129 024 120)	(91 356 737)	(37 667 383)	year
Finance charges Transfers and Grants	(627 140)	(5 788 602) (391 251)	5 161 462 391 251	Late payment on Eskom Account Jamestown free basic electricity, refuse and green gel not budgeted for.
	-			Jamestown nee basic electricity, reluse and green ger not budgeted for.
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	8 823 918	14 740 943	(5 917 025)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of Assets	66 400	446 688	(380 288)	Assets sold at a price higher than anticipated
Decrease/(increase) in non-current investments Payments	410 400	(40 001)	450 401	Non-current investments is ringfenced on DBSA loan as security and does not change significantly
Capital assets	(17 300 970)	(8 755 444)	(8 545 526)	Expenditure on MIG funding not in accordance with Budget
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(16 824 170)	(8 348 756)	(8 475 414)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits Payments	100 000	(118 105)	218 105	Repayment of consumer deposits in excess of the anticipated budget
Repayment of borrowing	(1 191 762)	(1 663 825)	472 063	The increase in the interest rate by 0.25% resulted in additional cashflows
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1 091 762)	(1 781 930)	690 168	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(9 092 014)	4 610 257	(13 702 271)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	(7 816 825)	8 895 481	(16 712 306)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	(16 908 839)	13 505 738	(30 414 577)	

MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015 R (Approved Budget)	2015 R (Adjustments)	2015 R (Final Budget)	Reasons for material adjustments
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(Approved Budget)	(, ajuotinonto)	(i mai Daagot)	
Receipts				
Ratepayers and other	94 146 785	(3 369 388)	90 777 398	
				Recognition of the Municipal Infrastructure Grant Roll over and National
Government	41 081 390	5 718 310	46 799 700	Electrification Grant
Interest	608 380	289 700	898 080	Increase in bank balance on Cpait Funding Account
Payments				Transfer of amount avisingly, budgeted on Water and Constation staff
Suppliers and Employees	(126 142 850)	(2 881 270)	(129 024 120)	Transfer of amount originally budgeted on Water and Sanitation staff transferred to the Joe Gqabi District Municipality
Finance charges	(443 620)	(183 520)	(627 140)	Increase in Eskom balance (Creditors)
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9 250 085	(426 168)	8 823 918	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of Assets	34 000	32 400	66 400	
Decrease in non-current investments	410 400	-	410 400	
Payments				
Capital assets	(10 704 290)	(6 596 680)	(17 300 970)	Increase due to roll over MIG funding from 2013/2014
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(10 259 890)	(6 564 280)	(16 824 170)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts				
Increase in consumer deposits	100 000	-	100 000	
Payments				
Repayment of borrowing	(1 105 220)	(86 542)	(1 191 762)	
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1 005 220)	(86 542)	(1 091 762)	
NET DECREASE IN CASH HELD	(2 015 025)	(7 076 990)	(9 092 014)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	(7 816 825)	-	(7 816 825)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	(9 831 850)	(7 076 990)	(16 908 839)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework , have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8, 10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – March 2012) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the Financial Statements.

In terms of Directive 7: "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality applied deemed cost to Investment Property, Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined.

1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. Financial values are rounded to the nearest one Rand. No foreign exchange transactions are included in the statements.

1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.5. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information is prepared in accordance with GRAP 24 and guidelines issued by National Treasury. The comparison of budget and actual amounts are disclosed as a separate additional financial statement, namely Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same period as the actual amounts, i.e. 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015. The budget information is therefore on a comparable basis to the actual amounts.

The comparable information includes the following:

- the approved and final budget amounts;
- actual amounts and final budget amounts;

Explanations for differences between the approved and final budget are included in the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

Explanations for material differences between the final budget amounts and actual amounts are included the Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required in terms of GRAP 24. No amendments or disclosure requirements in terms of GRAP 3 (Revised – March 2012) has been made.

1.6. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
Directive 11	Changes in Measurement Bases following Initial Adoption of Standards of GRAP	1 April 2015
	This Directive can be applied when a Municipality elects to change the measurement bases selected for certain assets on the initial adoption of Standards of GRAP.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality has no intention of changing its measurement bases at this stage.	
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting	Unknown
(Original – Feb 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for reporting financial information by segments.	
	No significant impact is expected. Information on expenditure by vote is already included in the notes to the financial statements.	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosure	Unknown
(Original – June 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to ensure that a Municipality's financial statements contains the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.	
	The Municipality previously resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20. The information is therefore included in the financial statements.	
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	Unknown
(Original – Aug 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public sector entity.	
	No such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 105	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	Common Control	
	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer and transferor in a transfer of functions between entities under common control.	
	No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 106	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not Under Common Control	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer in a transfer of functions between entities not under common control.	
	No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 107	Mergers	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger.	
	The municipality will follow the principles in GRAP	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	107 when the merger between Gariep Municipality and Maletswai Municipality is affected. As both these municipalities currently apply similar accounting principles, the principles included in this Standard will not have a significant impact on the initial recognition of assets and liabilities eventually merged into the combined entity.	
GRAP 108	Statutory Receivables	Unknown
(Original – Sept 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.	
	The Municipality has revolved to adopt the principles as set out in GRAP 108 to formulate its own accounting policy.	
GRAP 109	Accounting by Principles and Agents	Unknown
	The objective of this Standard is to outline principles to be used by an entity to assess whether it is party to a principal-agent arrangement, and whether it is a principal or an agent in undertaking transactions in terms of such an arrangement.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality's current treatment is already in line with the Standards treatment.	
IGRAP 11	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities (SPE)	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe under what circumstances an entity should consolidate a SPE.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any SPE's at this stage.	
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities non-monetary contributions	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe the treatment of profit/loss when an asset is sold or contributed by the venturer to a Jointly Controlled Entity (JCE).	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any JCE's at this stage.	
IGRAP17	Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset	Unknown
	This Interpretation of the Standards provides guidance to the grantor where it has entered into a service concession arrangement, but only controls a significant residual interest in a service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, where the	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

arrangement does not constitute a lease.	
No such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

1.7. LEASES

1.7.1 Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets (excluding licensing agreements for such items as motion picture films, video recordings, plays, manuscripts, patents and copyrights) subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

1.7.2 *Municipality as Lessor*

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate cost of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

incentives as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the benefit of the leased asset is diminished.

1.8. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from the public.

This liability should always be cash-backed, but due to temporary operational requirements, this is not always possible. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash, if available, which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it
 is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's
 interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.9. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the Municipality has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met.

The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of the grant is receivables:

• Unpaid conditional grants are recognised as an asset when the grant is receivable.

1.10 UNSPENT PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS

Public contributions are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent public contributions are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are attached to this creditor:

- Unspent public contributions are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the municipality until it is utilised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

• Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with the public contribution conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.11. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability.

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is possible.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
 - the business or part of a business concerned;
 - the principal locations affected;
 - the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;
 - the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
 - when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision shall be de-recognised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.12. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Post Retirement Medical Obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% are paid by the members. For retired members, Council pays 70% as contribution and the remaining 30% are paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – Employee benefits (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the fair value of the obligation. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

(b) Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries periodically and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are charged against the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation. Defined benefit plans are post-employment plans other than defined contribution plans.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued periodically by independent qualified actuaries.

(c) Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year end and also on the total remuneration package of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Accumulated leave is vesting.

(d) Provision for Performance Bonuses

A provision, in respect of the liability relating to the anticipated costs of performance bonuses payable to Section 57 employees, is recognised as it accrue to Section 57 employees. Municipalities' performance bonus provisions are based on the employment contract stipulations as well as previous performance bonus payment trends.

(e) Other Short-term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the entity during a reporting period, the entity recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, the entity recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

(f) Staff Bonuses

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year-end for each employee.

1.13. CONSUMER DEPOSITS

Consumer deposits are disclosed as a current liability. Consumer deposits are levied in line with council's policy to consumers when services are initially connected. When services are disconnected or terminated, the outstanding deposit is utilised against any arrear accounts the consumer might be liable for on that date. Any excess deposit after all debt is settled is refunded to the specific consumer.

1.14. BORROWING COSTS

The Municipality recognises all borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1.15.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the entity, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as a assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a nonmonetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). It the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

1.15.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset.

1.15.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

	Years		Years
Infrastructure		<u>Other</u>	
Roads and Paving	7-50	Buildings	100
Pedestrian Malls	30	Specialist vehicles	10
Electricity	20-45	Other vehicles	5
Water	15-20	Office equipment	3-7

Sewerage	15-20	Furniture and fittings	7-10
Housing	30	Watercraft	15
-		Bins and containers	5
<u>Community</u>		Specialised plant and	
Buildings	30	Equipment	10-15
Recreational Facilities	20-30	Other plant and	
Security	5	Equipment	2-5
Halls	20-30	Landfill sites	15
Libraries	20-30	Quarries	25
Parks and gardens	15-20	Emergency equipment	10
Other assets	15-20	Computer equipment	5
Finance lease assets			
Office equipment	3		
Other assets	5		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment charged to the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.15.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.15.5 Site Restoration and dismantling cost

The municipality has an obligation to dismantle, remove and restore items of property, plant and equipment. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment includes the initial estimate of costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which he municipality incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period

Subsequently the asset is measured as follows:

- changes in the liability are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period;
- if a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit; and
- if the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the municipality considers whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount may not be fully recoverable. If it is such an indication, and any impairment loss is recognised in accordance with the accounting policy on impairments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.15.6 Land and buildings and Other Assets – application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. For Land and Buildings the fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2008. For Other Assets the depreciation cost method was used to establish the deemed cost as on 1 July 2008.

1.16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.16.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiability criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the entity and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, asset or liability; or
- arises from contractual rights (including rights arising from binding arrangements) or other legal rights (excluding rights granted by statute), regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project; and
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

1.16.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairments losses. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.16.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible Assets	Years
Computer Software	5
SEBATA Financial Software	10

1.16.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.16.5 Application of deemed cost (Directive 7)

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined.

1.17. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.17.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the entity, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. The cost of self-constructed investment property is measured at cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

1.17.3 Depreciation and Impairment – Cost Model

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment Property	Years
Buildings	100

1.17.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2008.

1.18 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

1.18.1 Initial Recognition

A biological asset or agricultural produce is recognised when and only when:

- the Municipality controls the asset as a result of past events;
- it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the Municipality;
- and the fair value or cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Biological assets are initially measured at their fair value less cost to sell.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.18.2 Subsequent Measurement

Biological assets are measured at their fair value less cost to sell.

The fair value of game is determined based on market prices of livestock of similar age, breed, and genetic merit in the local industry. Game is considered to be consumable biological assets.

A gain or loss arising on initial recognition of biological assets at fair value less cost to sell is included in profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

1.19 HERITAGE ASSETS

1.19.1 Initial Recognition

A heritage asset is defined as an asset that has a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and is held and preserved indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

A heritage asset is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the asset will flow to the Municipality, and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

A heritage asset that qualifies for recognition as an asset, is measured at its cost. Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its cost is deemed to be its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

1.19.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

After recognition as an asset, heritage assets are carried at its cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

1.19.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Heritage assets are not depreciated

Heritage assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19.4 De-recognition

Heritage assets are derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the heritage asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of a heritage asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value of the heritage asset and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.19.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2012.

1.20. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

1.20.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.20.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss recorded in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches:

- depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.
- restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to its
 pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining service
 potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration cost of
 the asset from the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the
 asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the depreciated
 reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.
- service unit approach the present value of the remaining service potential of the
 asset is determined by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential of
 the asset before impairment, to conform to the reduced number of service units
 expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the restoration cost approach, the
 current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset before
 impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or replacement
 cost of the asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.21. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Financial instruments, which include fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

1.22. INVENTORIES

1.22.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories shall be recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the entity, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

1.22.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

In general, the basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.23. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both from exchange and non-exchange transactions).

1.23.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability

1.23.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial Assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. Financial Liabilities are categorised as either at fair value, financial liabilities at cost or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost ("other"). The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation.

1.23.2.2 <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost, and are subsequently measured amortised at cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

1.23.2.3 Payables and Annuity Loans

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

1.23.2.4 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities: other financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

1.23.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

1.23.3.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the old asset is derecognised and a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

1.23.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.23.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

1.24 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory receivables arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions.

1.24.1 Initial Recognition

Statutory receivables are recognised when the related revenue is recognised or when the receivable meets the definition of an asset.

1.24.2 Measurement

The Municipality initially measures the statutory receivables at their transaction amount. The Municipality measure statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is changed subsequent to reflect any:

(a) interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable;

- (b) impairment losses; and
- (c) amounts derecognised.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired. If there is an indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired, the Municipality measures the impairment loss as the difference between the estimated future cash flows and the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount is higher than the estimated future cash flows, the carrying amount of the statutory receivable is reduced, through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. In estimating the future cash flows, the Municipality considers both the amount and timing of the cash flows that it will receive in future. Consequently, where the effect of the time value of money is material, the Municipality discounts the estimated future cash flows using a rate that

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

reflects the current risk free rate and any risks specific to the statutory receivable for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a statutory receivable is revised if there has been a change in the estimates used since the last impairment loss was recognised, or to reflect the effect of discounting the estimated cash flows. Any previously recognised impairment loss is adjusted by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of any adjustment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.24.3 De-recognition

The Municipality derecognises a statutory receivable when:

- (a) the rights to the cash flows from the receivable are settled, expire or are waived;
- (b) the Municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable; or
- (c) the Municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable, has transferred control of the receivable to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the receivable in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the Municipality:
 - (i) derecognise the receivable; and
 - (ii) recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

1.25. REVENUE

1.25.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised. If the Municipality does not enforce its obligation to collect the revenue, it would be considered as a subsequent event. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportionate basis as an exchange transaction.

Fine Revenue constitutes both spot fines and summonses. Fine revenue is recognised when the spot fine or summons is issued. In cases where fines and summonses are issued and collected by another government institute, revenue will only be recognised when monies are received, as the Municipality does not have any control over fines issued or collected by other government institutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 12 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue as historical patterns have indicated that minimal unidentified deposits are reclaimed after a period of twelve months. This assessment is performed annually at 30 June. Therefore the substance of these transactions indicate that even though the prescription period for unclaimed monies is legally three years, it is reasonable to recognised all unclaimed monies older than twelve months as revenue. Although unclaimed deposits are recognised as revenue after 12 months, the Municipality still keep record of these unclaimed deposits for three years in the event that a party should submit a claim after 12 months.

Revenue shall be measured at the amount of the increase in net assets recognised by the municipality.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

1.25.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered/ goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable. At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised. If the Municipality does not enforce its obligation to collect the revenue, it is a subsequent event.

Revenue from the sale of goods shall be recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The Municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the entity.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards is recognised at the point of sale. It is estimated that pre-paid electricity is consumed within 5 to 7 days after date of purchase. The pre-paid electricity sold, but not consumed yet at year-end is disclosed as under Payables from Exchange Transactions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage, and are levied monthly based on the recorded number of refuse points per property.

Service charges relating to sanitation (sewerage) are recognised on a monthly basis in arrears by applying the approved tariff to each property that has improvements. Tariffs are determined per category of property usage. In the case of residential property a fixed monthly tariff is levied and in the case of commercial property a tariff is levied based on the number of sewerage connection on the property. Service charges based on a basic charge as per Council resolution.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when substantially all the risks and rewards in those goods are passed to the consumer.

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Revenue shall be measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the entity and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the entity.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating; or
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

1.26. RELATED PARTIES

The Municipality resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20 - "Related Party Disclosures".

A related party is a person or an entity:

- with the ability to control or jointly control the other party,
- or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa,
- or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

As a minimum, the following are regarded as related parties of the Municipality:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Municipality if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Municipality.
 - has significant influence over the Municipality. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Municipality.
 - is a member of the management of the Municipality or its controlling entity.
- (b) An entity is related to the Municipality if any of the following conditions apply:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

- the entity is a member of the same economic entity (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others).
- one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an economic entity of which the other entity is a member).
- both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Municipality or an entity related to the Municipality. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity.
- the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
- a person identified in (a) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the Municipality. As a minimum, a person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they:

- (a) are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage; or
- (b) are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Management (formerly known as "Key Management") includes all persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality, including:

- a) all members of the governing body of the Municipality;
- b) a member of the governing body of an economic entity who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity;
- c) any key advisors of a member, or sub-committees, of the governing body who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity; and
- d) the senior management team of the entity, including the chief executive officer or permanent head of the entity, unless already included in (a).

Management personnel include:

- a) All directors or members of the governing body of the Municipality, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee.
- b) Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting entity being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

1.27. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.28. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.29. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.30. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measures with sufficient reliability.

Management judgement is required when disclosing and measuring contingent liabilities.

1.31. TAXES – VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value added tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

1.32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the financial statements represents the balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

1.33. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements relates to errors.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Post-retirement medical obligations and Long service awards

The cost of post-retirement medical obligations and long service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Major assumptions used are disclosed in note 3 of the Annual Financial Statements. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and residual values of Property, Plant and Equipment.

• The useful life of movable assets was determined using the age of similar assets available for sale in the active market. Discussions with people within the specific industry were also held to determine useful lives.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

- Local Government Industry Guides was used to assist with the deemed cost and useful life of infrastructure assets.
- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings. The Municipality also consulted with engineers to support the useful life of buildings, with specific reference to the structural design of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

The cost for depreciated replacement cost was determined by using either one of the following:

- cost of items with a similar nature currently in the Municipality's asset register;
- cost of items with a similar nature in other municipalities' asset registers, given that the other municipality has the same geographical setting as the Municipality and that the other municipality's asset register is considered to be accurate;
- cost as supplied by suppliers.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives of intangible assets:

• Reference was made to intangibles used within the Municipality and other municipalities to determine the useful life of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

Investment Property

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and valuation of investment property:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings.
- The Municipality also consulted with professional engineers and qualified valuators to support the useful life of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.25.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.25.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. Revenue from the issuing of spot fines and summonses has been recognised on the accrual basis using estimates of future collections based on the actual results of prior periods. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

Provision for Landfill Sites

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill site is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill site at year end. To the extent that the obligations relate to an asset, it is capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding provisions:

- Professional engineers were utilised to determine the cost of rehabilitation of landfill sites as well as the remaining useful life of each specific landfill site.
- Interest rates (investment rate) linked to prime was used to calculate the effect of time value of money.

Provision for Staff leave

Staff leave is accrued to employees according to collective agreements. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Provision for Performance bonuses

The provision for performance bonuses represents the best estimate of the obligation at year end and is based on historic patterns of payment of performance bonuses. Performance bonuses are subject to an evaluation by Council.

Pre-paid electricity estimation

Pre-paid electricity is only recognised as income once the electricity is consumed. The pre-paid electricity balance (included under payables) represents the best estimate of electricity sold at year end that is still unused. The average pre-paid electricity sold per day during the year under review is used and the estimate is calculated using between 5 and 10 days' worth of unused electricity.

Componentisation of Infrastructure assets

All infrastructure assets are unbundled into their significant components in order to depreciate all major components over the expected useful lives. The cost of each component is estimated based on the current market price of each component, depreciated for age and condition and recalculated to cost at the acquisition date if known or to the date of initially adopting the standards of GRAP.

Impairments of assets – Capitalised Restoration Cost

Impairment charges relating to capitalised restoration costs are linked to the portion of landfill site being utilised in the year under review.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

3 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

3.2

		2015 R	2014 R
3.1	Annuity Loans		
	Annuity Loans - At amortised cost <u>Less:</u> Current Portion transferred to Current Liabilities	3 734 840 (221 538)	3 945 703 (210 863)
	Plus: Unamortised charges on loans	3 513 301 (1 245 200)	3 734 840 (1 380 142)
	Balance 1 July Unwinding of unamortised discount on non-current liabilities	(1 380 142) 134 942	(1 513 932) 133 790
		2 268 101	2 354 698

There is one annuity loan outstanding. The loans carries interest at 5% per annum and will be fully redeemed on 30 September 2027. The loan is secured by an investment and call investment deposit disclosed in notes 16 and 22

The obligations under annuity loans are scheduled below:	Minimum annuity payments	
Amounts payable under annuity loans:		
Payable within one year	405 559	405 559
Payable within two to five years	1 622 236	1 622 236
Payable after five years	3 039 622	3 445 181
	5 067 417	5 472 977
Less: Future finance obligations	(1 332 578)	(1 527 273)
Present value of annuity obligations	3 734 840	3 945 703
Hire Purchases		
Hire Purchase	1 858 900	2 746 927
Less: Current Portion transferred to Current Liabilities	(839 809)	(889 936)
	1 019 091	1 856 991
The obligations under hire purchase agreements are scheduled below:	Minimu	
A second second to be a second s	hire purchase	payments
Amounts payable under hire purchase agreements:		
Payable within one year Payable within two to five years	990 088 1 112 431	1 122 768 2 094 193
Payable within two to live years	1 112 431	2 094 193
	2 102 519	3 216 961
Less: Future finance obligations	(243 619)	(470 034)
Present value of hire purchase obligations	1 858 900	2 746 927

The outstanding hire purchases liability is made up of the following agreements.

			Carrying value of	related asset	Outstanding	Balance
			2015	2014	2015	2014
Institution	Interest Rate	Redemption date	R	R	R	R
ABSA (Telephone system)	10.25%	01/11/2014	25 403	45 130	-	63 482
ABSA (TATA Truck)	10.25%	05/08/2016	228 593	272 012	120 273	220 114
ABSA (Isuzu KB200I LWB)	10.25%	15/02/2016	65 296	79 611	23 926	56 907
ABSA (2011 Rear Tipping						
Trailer)	10.25%	15/02/2016	44 642	49 727	12 535	29 814
ABSA (2010 Vibrating Roller)	10.25%	15/02/2016	55 109	69 927	22 438	53 367
ABSA (Isuzu KB200I Fleetside) 10.25%	15/02/2016	76 732	96 066	30 483	72 503
ABSA (Sonalinka Tractor)	10.25%	15/02/2016	147 628	155 884	34 310	81 605
ABSA (Mazda CX 7)	10.25%	01/05/2016	227 871	248 339	79 532	158 236
ABSA (TATA Water Truck)	10.25%	15/12/2017	545 156	605 069	448 442	598 241
ABSA (Nissan UD 330)	10.25%	01/03/2018	1 085 938	1 223 068	985 373	1 280 632
ABSA (Isuzu KB 200I)	10.25%	01/03/2018	117 586	129 331	101 587	132 027
		-	2 619 954	2 974 163	1 858 900	2 746 927

Hire Purchases are secured by property, plant and equipment - Note 12.1

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

3

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

3.3		2015 R	2014 R
3.3	Capitalised Lease Liability		
	Capitalised Lease Liability - At amortised cost Less: Current Portion transferred to Current Liabilities	638 950 (638 950)	1 203 884 (565 536)
		-	638 348
	The obligations under finance leases are scheduled below:	Minimum lease payments	
	Amounts payable under finance leases:		
	Payable within one year Payable within two to five years	699 243 -	729 048 697 822
		699 243	1 426 870
	Less: Future finance obligations	(60 293)	(222 986)
	Present value of lease obligations	638 950	1 203 884

The outstanding finance lease liability is made up of the following agreements:

Institution	Interest Rate	Redemption date	Carrying value of 2015 R	related asset 2014 R	Outstanding 2015 R	Balance 2014 R
NRG Rental (Copiers)	16.67%	30/06/2016	447 898	895 796	609 284	1 122 207
The lease agreement has month period. After the le payments will continue o contract is renewed or ca NRG at the end of the lea	ease agreement exp n a month to month ancelled. Equipment	ires, lease basis until the will be returned to				
MTN Ltd (Tablets)	17.82%	31/12/2015	32 496	83 210	29 666	81 678
The lease agreement hat month period. The equip municipality at the end of will continue on a month term until the lease is rer	ment vests in the na f the lease term. The to month basis at th	me of the lease payments	480 394	979 006	638 950	1 203 884
Leases are secured by prope	erty, plant and equipr	ment - Note 12.1				
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS						
Post Retirement Medical Ben Long Service Awards - Refer		4.1			10 032 004 1 352 722	10 902 499 1 459 831
Total Non-current Employe		5		-	11 384 726	12 362 330
Post Retirement Medical Be	enefits			=		
Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Expenditure for the year Actuarial (Gain)/Loss Total post retirement benef Less: Transfer of Current I				-	11 278 008 1 571 061 (367 851) (2 146 766) 10 334 452 (302 448)	10 188 679 1 392 259 (351 412) 48 482 11 278 008 (375 509)
Balance 30 June				-	10 032 004	10 902 499
				=		

4

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

4.1

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)				2015	2014
Long Service Awards				R	R
Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Expenditure for the year Actuarial Gain				1 658 175 358 008 (69 741) (202 900)	1 526 499 341 025 (116 231) (93 118)
Total long service 30 June			-	1 743 542	1 658 175
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note	7			(390 820)	(198 344)
Balance 30 June			=	1 352 722	1 459 831
TOTAL NON-CURRENT EMPLOYEE BEN	IEFITS				
Balance 1 July Contribution for the year Expenditure for the year Actuarial Gain				12 936 183 1 929 069 (437 592) (2 349 666)	11 715 178 1 733 284 (467 643) (44 636)
Total employee benefits 30 June			-	12 077 994	12 936 183
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note	7		_	(693 268)	(573 853)
Balance 30 June			=	11 384 726	12 362 330
Post Retirement Benefits				2015	2014
In-service (employee) non-members Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widow Total Members	ws, orphans)		-	151 11 222	132 13 210
			=	2015 R	2014 R
The liability in respect of past service has be	een estimated to be as follo	ws:		ĸ	K
In-service employees and Continuation members				6 449 068 3 885 384	7 139 409 4 138 599
Total Liability			=	10 334 452	11 278 008
The liability in respect of periods commenci estimated as follows:	ng prior to the comparative	year has been	2013 R	2012 R	2011 R
Total Liability			10 188 679	10 463 606	8 978 495
Experience adjustments were calculated as	s follows:				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm	Rm
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss Assets: Gain / (loss)	(2.020)	(0.412)	(1.018)	0.018	2.109

The municipality makes monthly contributions for health care arrangements to the following medical aid schemes:

Bonitas; LA Health Hosmed Samwumed

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

4 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

	PLOTEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)	2015 %	2014 %
Key	v actuarial assumptions used:		
i)	Rate of interest		
	Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate Net Effective Discount Rate	8.95% 8.06% 0.82%	9.03% 8.24% 0.74%
	The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping"		
ii)	Mortality rates		
	The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by 1 year of age was used by the actuaries.		
iii)	Normal retirement age		
	It has been assumed that in-service members will retire at age 63, which then implicitly allows for expected rates of early and ill-health retirement.		
iv)	Actuarial Valuation Method		
	The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities.	2015 R	2014 R
The	amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows:		
Pre	sent value of fund obligations	10 334 452	11 278 008
Net	liability	10 334 452	11 278 008
The	liability is not supported by any plan assets.		
Red	conciliation of present value of fund obligation:		
	sent value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year al expenses	11 278 008 1 203 210	10 188 679 1 040 847
Inte	rent service cost erest Cost nefits Paid	567 520 1 003 541 (367 851)	504 093 888 166 (351 412)
Act	uarial (Gain)/Loss	(2 146 766)	48 482
Pre	sent value of fund obligation at the end of the year	10 334 452	11 278 008
Les	ss: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	(302 448)	(375 509)
Dal	ance 30 June	10 032 004	10 902 499

Central Assumptions

The effect of movements in the assumptions are as follows:

Assumption Central Assumptions	Change	In-service members liability (Rm) 6.449	Continuation members liability (Rm) 3.885	Total liability (Rm) 10.334	% change
Effect of changes in assumptions:					
Health care inflation	1%	7.827	4.259	12.086	17%
Health care inflation	-1%	5.366	3.560	8.926	-14%
Discount Rate	1%	5.382	3.565	8.947	-13%
Discount Rate	-1%	7.829	4.260	12.089	17%
Post-retirement mortality	-1 year	6.684	4.055	10.739	4%
Average retirement age	-1 year	6.929	3.885	10.814	5%
Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	4.537	3.885	8.422	-18%

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

4 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

4.2

	2016 R
The following are estimates for the 2015/2016 financial year:	
Future Service Cost Interest Cost	520 838 911 430

Sensitivity Analysis on the future service cost and interest cost

Central Assumption 120 gen 1200 gen 1400 gen $1432 200$ Effect of changes in assumptions: Health care inflation 1% $417 300 785 400 1 202 700$ Discount Rate 1% $417 300 785 400 1 202 700$ Discount Rate 1% $422 700 875 300 1 202 700$ Discount Rate 1% $422 700 875 300 1 202 700$ Discount Rate 1% $422 700 875 300 1 400 000$ Post-refirement mortality -1 year $533 300 947 600 1 488 600$ Withdrawal Rate -50% $336 300 740 400 1 488 600$ Withdrawal Rate -50% $336 300 740 400 1 488 600$ Withdrawal Rate -50% $336 300 740 400 1 488 600$ Withdrawal Rate -50% $305 300 740 400 1 988 700$ Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 Key actuarial assumptions used: $\%$ i Rate of interest 3% i Rate of interest 3% i Rate of interest 3% The discount rate 300 rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations $1743 542$ $1743 542$ The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R Heilability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R Te liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: Total Liability $1526 499$ $1557 460$ -2012 R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: Color R R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: Color R R Color R R C	
Central Assumption i 432 200 Effect of changes in assumptions: Health care inflation 1% 417 300 785 400 1202 700 Discount Rate 11% 422 700 875 300 1 202 700 Discount Rate 1% 417 300 785 400 1 202 700 Discount Rate 1% 417 300 785 400 1 202 700 Discount Rate 1% 417 300 785 400 1 202 700 Post-retirement montality 1 year 530 300 947 600 1 486 800 Post-retirement montality 1 year 330 300 947 600 1 486 800 Withdrawal Rate 300 944 400 1 486 800 Withdrawal Rate 50% 300 740 400 1 486 800 Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The unmber of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 2015 Key actuarial assumptions used: % 1 Rate of interest Discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 10 Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: Present value of fund obligations 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152	
The field of drages in assumptions: Health care inflation 1% 567 300 1068 200 16 35 500 12 02 700 12 02 700 1000 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 12 02 700 1000 10	% change
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Health care inflation - 1% 417 300 786 400 1 202 700 Discount Rate - 1% 4615 500 426 000 1 660 500 Post-retirement mortality - 1 year 533 300 947 600 1 468 900 Average retirement age - 1 year 540 200 954 400 1 494 600 Withdraw Rate - 50% 358 300 740 400 1 098 700 Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The unmber of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 2015 (A rate of interest - 2015 % Discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" (Y) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" (Y) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" (X) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" (X) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. The tability 1 rot supported by any plan assets. Discount set use of fund obligations 11743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. Total Liability 1 1526 499 1 587 400 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: Total Liability 1 1526 499 1 587 400 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:	20'
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Discount Rate -1% , 661 500 949 000 1 600 500 Post-retirement mortality $+$ 1 year 539 300 947 600 1 466 900 Withdrawal Rate -50% 358 300 740 400 1 098 700 2015 2015 2015 2015 Cong Service Bonuses The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 (Key actuarial assumptions used: 211 (Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The action of ficials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 (Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The action of ficials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 (Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The action of ficials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 (Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The discount rate assumptions used: 7.71% (Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" (S) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations $1743 542$ (Ser tiability is not supported by any plan assets. The liability is not supported by any plan assets. The liability is not supported by any plan assets. The liability is not supported by any plan assets. Total Liability $1526 499$ $1587 460$ (Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R R R R R R R	-9'
Post-refirement mortality - 1 year 539 300 947 600 1 466 800 Withdrawal Rate - 50% 358 300 740 400 1 098 700 2015 Long Service Bonuses 2015 The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 2015 Key actuarial assumptions used: $7,71\%$ General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0,76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" v) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. Present value of fund obligations $1743 542$ 211 Present value of fund obligations $1743 542$ 2015 Ret liability is not supported by any plan assets. Present value of fund obligations $1743 542$ 2012 R age 158 499 1587 460 2012 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R 2014 R 2013 2012 R R R R R R R R	12
warage retirement age 1 year 540 200 954 400 1 494 600 Withdrawal Rate -50% 358 300 740 400 1 098 700 Long Service Bonuses 2015 The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. 211 The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 Key actuarial assumptions used: % N Rate of Interest 2015 Discount rate 6.00% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 0.76% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 2015 V) Actuarial Valuation Method 1743 542 2015 The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 2013 R Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 2012 R The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R Present value of fund obligations 1 743 542 2012 R The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R ret liabi	
Withdrawal Rate -50% 358 300 740 400 1 098 700 Long Service Bonuses 2015 The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. 2015 The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 Key actuarial assumptions used: % N Rate of Interest 2015 Discount rate 6.80% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 7.71% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% Y) Actuarial Valuation Method The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 1743 542 2012 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R Long Liability 1526 499 1587 460 2012 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1526 499 1587 460 2012 R R 2013 2012 R 2013	4
2015 Long Service Bonuses The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 Key actuarial assumptions used: 2015 Yet active of interest 8.00% Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as 'bootstrapping' 0.76% Yo Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 8 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 7 Present value of fund obligations 1 743 542 1 Present value of fund obligations 1 743 542 1 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been seminated as follows: 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1 526 499 1 587 460	4
Long Service Bonuses 211 The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. 2015 The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 2015 Key actuarial assumptions used: % P Rate of Interest % Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Inflation (Iong-term) 6.30% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 2015 V Actuarial Valuation Method R The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R 2013 R 2013 R 2013 R 2012 R 1526 499 1597 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1526 499 1597 460	-23
The Long Service Bonus plans are defined benefit plans. The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 2015 2015 % Partial assumptions used: 2015 % Partial assumptions used: 2015 % Partial Valuation (long-term) 2015 2016 2017 2018 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015	2014
The number of officials eligible for Long Service Bonuses 211 Key actuarial assumptions used: 2015 N Rate of interest Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as 'bootstrapping' 0.76% V) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 R The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 R Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 R R R R astimated as follows: 1526 499 1587 460 1587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1526 499 1587 460 1587 460	
Key actuarial assumptions used: 2015 P Rate of interest 7.71% Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% v) Actuarial Valuation Method 74145 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 1743 542 Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R R Present value of fund obligations 1526 499 The liability 1526 499 1587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2014 2013 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2014 2013 2012 R R R R R <td></td>	
Key actuarial assumptions used: % I) Rate of interest Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% iv) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 Present value of fund obligations 1.743 542 1 Present value of fund obligations 1.743 542 1 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1 587 460 1 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1 1 587 460 1 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1 2013 2012 R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1 2013 2012 R	19
i) Rate of interest 7.71% Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Inflation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% V) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 Present value of fund obligations 1.743 542 Present value of fund obligations 2013 R 2012 R 2013 R 2012 R R Itability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1.526 499 1.587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1.526 499 1.587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows:	2014
Discount rate 7.71% General Salary Initiation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% V) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 1743 542 Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 The liability 2013 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2014 R 2012 R R R 2012 R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2014 R 2012	%
General Salary Inflation (long-term) 6.90% Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 2015 V) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 Net liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 Present value as follows: 2012 R R Stimated as follows: 1 526 499 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R R R R 2012	
Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% V) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 R Present value of fund obligations 1.743 542 1.743 542 Net liability 1.743 542 1.743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 R R R Total Liability 1.526 499 1.587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2013 Quist 1.526 499 1.587 460 2012 R R R R Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2014 2013 2012 R R R R R R	7.74
Net Effective Discount Rate applied to salary-related Long Service Bonuses 0.76% The discount rate used is a composite of all government bonds and is calculated using a technique is known as "bootstrapping" 0.76% v) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 R Present value of fund obligations 1.743 542 1.743 542 Present value of fund obligations 2013 2012 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 2012 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1.526 499 1.587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 1.526 499 1.587 460 1.587 460	7.01
known as "bootstrapping" 2015 iv) Actuarial Valuation Method 2015 The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 1 743 542 Present value of fund obligations 1 743 542 Net liability 1 743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 Present value as follows: 2013 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been astimated as follows: 2015 2012 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2014 2015 R R	0.68
The Projected Unit Credit Method has been used to value the liabilities. 2015 R The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 1743 542 Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 Net liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1 526 499 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2014 R R R	
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: 2015	
R R Present value of fund obligations 1743 542 Net liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 Present value of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 2013 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2014 2013 2012	
The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position are as follows: Present value of fund obligations 1 743 542 Net liability 1 743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 2013 Liability Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2014 R 2013 R 2012 R	2014
Net liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R 2012 R The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1 526 499 1 587 460 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 1 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R 2014 R 2013 R 2012 R	R
Net liability 1743 542 The liability is not supported by any plan assets. 2013 R 2012 R The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1 526 499 1 587 460 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460 1 587 460 Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 R 2014 R 2013 R 2012 R	1 658 17
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: Total Liability <u>1526 499</u> <u>1587 460</u> Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: $\frac{2013}{R} = \frac{2012}{R}$	1 658 17
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: Total Liability <u>1526 499</u> <u>1587 460</u> Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: $\frac{2013}{R} = \frac{2012}{R}$	
The liability in respect of periods commencing prior to the comparative year has been estimated as follows: 1 526 499 1 587 460 Total Liability 1 526 499 1 587 460	2011
Experience adjustments were calculated as follows: 2015 2014 2013 2012 R R R R R	R
2015 2014 2013 2012 R R R R R	1 469 84
R R R R	
	2011 R
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss (67 228) 85 739 (288 316) (50 428)	
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss (67 228) 85 739 (288 316) (50 428) Assets: Gain / (loss)	(113 16

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

4 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Future Service Cost

4.3

Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:	2015 R	2014 R
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses	1 658 175 288 267	1 526 499 224 794
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid	237 149 120 859 (69 741)	243 309 97 716 (116 231)
Actuarial gains	(202 900)	(93 118)
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	1 743 542	1 658 175
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 7	(390 820)	(198 344)
Balance 30 June	1 352 722	1 459 831

Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability

Liability				
Change	(Rm)	% change		
U	1.744	0		
1%	1.837	5%		
-1%	1.658	-5%		
1%	1.652	-5%		
-1%	1.846	6%		
-2 yrs	1.675	-4%		
2 yrs	1.825	5%		
-50%	2.103	21%		
	1% -1% 1% -1% -2 yrs 2 yrs	1% 1.837 -1% 1.658 1% 1.652 -1% 1.846 -2 yrs 1.675 2 yrs 1.825		

The following are estimates for the 2015/2016 financial year:

R

2016

286 981 119 656

		Current-service			
Assumption	Change	Cost (R)	Interest Cost (R)	Total (R)	% change
Central Assumption		287 000	119 700	406 700	
Effect of changes in assumptions:					
General Salary Inflation	1%	307 600	126 800	434 400	7%
General Salary Inflation	-1%	268 400	113 100	381 500	-6%
Discount Rate	1%	269 800	127 200	397 000	-2%
Discount Rate	-1%	306 300	111 000	417 300	3%
Average retirement age	-2 years	277 100	114 400	391 500	-4%
Average retirement age	+2 years	297 800	126 000	423 800	4%
Withdrawal Rate	-50%	376 600	147 400	524 000	29%

Retirement funds 2015 2014 <u>DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS</u> R R

Council contributes to the SALA Pension Fund, Cape Joint Retirement Fund and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.

Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance

SALA Pension Fund	2 052 494	2 138 503
Cape Joint Retirement Fund	1 014 235	817 076
SAMWU National Provident Fund	1 363 061	1 367 748
	4 429 791	4 323 327

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

5

NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS

R	R
4 262 350	3 887 711
4 262 350	3 887 711
3 887 711	3 468 289
191 597	262 447
183 042	156 976
4 262 350	3 887 711
-	-
4 262 350	3 887 711
	4 262 350 3 887 711 191 597 183 042 4 262 350

It is estimated that no site will be decommissioned within 1 year from reporting date and thus there are no short term portion associated with this provision. The timing of the outflow of resources relating this provision is uncertain, but management expects the timing to be in line with the closure dates of the various sites.

The estimated rehabilitation costs for each of the existing sites are based on the current rates for construction costs. These costs are based on 100% utilisation of the site and the assumptions used are as follows (30 June 2012):

	Aliwal North	<u>Jamestown</u>	<u>Total</u>
Shaping and finishing (R3/m ²)	33 300	30 000	63 300
Fence (R350/m) Storm water Diversion Measures (R60/m)	220 500 19 200	203 000 16 800	423 500 36 000
Final Landfill Cover (R150/m ²)	1 665 000	1 500 000	3 165 000
Preliminary and general (Rand)	51 000	51 000	102 000
Professional Fees and contingencies (Rand)	455 800	434 780	890 580
	2 444 800	2 235 580	4 680 380

The discount rate used the calculate the present value of the rehabilitation costs at each reporting period is based on a calculated rate as determined by the municipality to illustrate the inflationary risks associated with the rehabilitation provision. This rate is in line with a competitive investment rate the municipality can obtain from an A grade financial institution and is also within the inflation target range of the South African Reserve Bank of between 3% to 6%. The following rate was used - 5.24% (2014 - 4.71%).

The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate landfill-sites at the end of the expected useful life of the asset. The provision at year end was recognised based on the % of the sites utilised. Total estimated costs to rehabilitate the existing sites are as follows:

The portion of each landfill site utilised, represents managements best estimate on 30 June of each respective financial reporting period.

Location	Estimated decommission date	<u>% utilised</u>	<u>% utilised</u>	Cost of rehabilitation	Cost of rehabilitation
		2015	2014	2015 R	2014 R
Aliwal North Jamestown	2023 2029	96.50% 60.00%	95.00% 55.00%	2 717 377 1 544 972	2 541 980 1 345 731
				4 262 350	3 887 711

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

6 CONSUMER DEPOSITS

7

8

CONSUMER DEPOSITS		
	2015 R	2014 R
Consumer Deposits	1 901 487	2 019 593
Total Consumer Deposits	1 901 487	2 019 593
Guarantees held in lieu of Electricity and Water Deposits		
The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Interest is not paid on these amounts.		
CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Refer to note 4	302 448	375 50
Current Portion of Long-Service Bonuses - Refer to note 4	390 820	198 34
Staff Leave	4 203 777	4 871 23
Performance Bonuses Bonuses	2 308 626 832 216	1 694 94 798 56
Total Current Employee Benefits	8 037 887	7 938 60
The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as follows:		
Staff Leave		
Balance at beginning of year	4 871 237	4 713 74
Contribution to current portion Expenditure incurred	205 220 (872 681)	613 08 (455 598
Balance at end of year	4 203 777	4 871 23
Staff leave accrues to employees according to a collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave.		
Performance Bonuses		
Balance at beginning of year	1 694 949	1 088 809
Contribution to current portion	613 677	606 14
Balance at end of year	2 308 626	1 694 949
Performance bonuses are being paid to Municipal Manager and Directors after an evaluation of performance by the council. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		
Bonuses		
Balance at beginning of year	798 565	841 03
Contribution to current portion	1 948 275	1 859 60
Expenditure incurred	(1 914 623)	(1 902 06
Balance at end of year	832 216	798 56
Bonuses are being paid to all permanent municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represent to portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle.		
PROVISIONS		
Compensation for injuries on duty contribution	305 902	328 17
	305 902	328 17
The movement in current provisions are reconciled as follows:		
Compensation for injuries on duty contribution		
Compensation for injuries on duty contribution Balance at beginning of year	328 172	583 23
Balance at beginning of year	328 172 305 902	
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to current portion Penalties incurred		437 209
Balance at beginning of year	305 902	583 237 437 209 34 209 (726 483

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

8 PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

The balance on the compensation for injuries on duty contribution represents the current liability of the municipality that has not yet been paid over to the relevant authorities. The balance represents the best estimate of the outflow of resources. The timing and amount of the outflow is dependent on when an assessment is received from the relevant authorities.

9 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

	R	R
Trade Payables	62 757 859	35 028 369
Balance Previously Reported	Г	34 723 660
Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.05		304 709
Retentions	2 161 774	2 872 009
Interest Accrued	59 312	67 697
Pre-paid electricity	1 496 030	854 370
Payments received in advance	1 050 435	742 034
Joe Gqabi District Municipality (Water and Sanitation)	6 968 798	11 278 550
Other Creditors	1 811 455	795 241
Balance Previously Reported	Г	500 148
Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.05		295 093
Sundry deposits	360 776	244 840
Total Trade Payables	76 666 439	51 883 110

2015

2014

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

The credit period granted on payables is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

Due to cash flow constraints, a significant increase in payables is evident when compared to the prior year

The increase in other payables can mainly be attributed to salary related payables as well as monies outstanding to Department of Transport for license fees.

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value.

Sundry deposits include hall, housing and unidentified deposits.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

10.1	UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	11 150 680	7 697 500
	National Government Grants Provincial Government Grants	7 906 424 3 244 256	4 290 225 3 407 276
10.2	UNPAID GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	1 096 000	-
	National Government Grants (Unconditional Equitable Share)	1 096 000	-
10.3	NET GRANTS AND RECEIPTS	10 054 680	7 697 500
	Balance Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.09		4 666 779 3 030 721
	Refer to appendix D and note 24 for reconciliation of grants from other spheres of government. The		7 697 500

No grants were withheld.

11

10

11.1 VAT Payable

TAXES

	VAT Payable (In suspense) VAT Payable to SARS	962 395 85 808	795 719 44 307
		1 048 203	840 026
11.2	VAT Receivable		
	VAT Receivable (In suspense)	6 301 000	3 014 393
		6 301 000	3 014 393
	Net VAT Payable/(Receivable)	(5 252 797)	(2 174 367)
	VAT is payable and receivable on the cash basis.		
	Balance Previously Reported		(2 174 194)
	Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.08		(173)
		_	(2 174 367)

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

12.1 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (EXCLUDING CAPITALISED RESTORATION COSTS)

30 JUNE 2015

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Opening Balance	Additions	Cost Transfers	Disposals	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Accumulated I Additions	Disposals	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	29 942 296	-	-	-	29 942 296	656 806	119 481	-	776 287	29 166 009
Land	17 994 241	-	-	-	17 994 241	-	-	-	-	17 994 241
Buildings	11 948 055	-	-	-	11 948 055	656 806	119 481	-	776 287	11 171 768
Infrastructure	223 775 181	5 868 068	-	(892 009)	228 751 240	61 466 729	9 270 044	(786 340)	69 950 433	158 800 806
Roads and Stormwater	155 431 241	4 268 692	-	(892 009)	158 807 925	49 596 190	6 884 419	(786 340)	55 694 269	103 113 656
Electricity	65 223 909	1 599 375	-	-	66 823 284	11 832 007	2 378 856	-	14 210 863	52 612 421
Other	3 120 030	-	-	-	3 120 030	38 532	6 769	-	45 302	3 074 729
Community Assets	7 842 083	2 467 114	-	-	10 309 198	604 614	313 683	-	918 298	9 390 900
Recreation Grounds and Facilities	5 465 757	2 467 114	-	-	7 932 871	309 181	313 683	-	622 864	7 310 007
Cemetery	2 376 326	-	-	-	2 376 326	295 434	-	-	295 434	2 080 893
Lease Assets	2 354 493	-	-	(12 286)	2 342 207	1 372 932	494 312	(6 929)	1 860 315	481 892
Office Equipment	2 354 493	-	-	(12 286)	2 342 207	1 372 932	494 312	(6 929)	1 860 315	481 892
Other Assets	15 904 599	345 407	-	(836 589)	15 413 416	7 568 062	1 473 336	(567 472)	8 473 926	6 939 490
Office Equipment and tools	5 492 378	345 407	-	(831 347)	5 006 438	3 203 613	553 342	(563 802)	3 193 152	1 813 286
Motor vehicles and implements	10 412 220	-	-	(5 243)	10 406 978	4 364 449	919 994	(3 670)	5 280 774	5 126 204
	279 818 651	8 680 589	-	(1 740 884)	286 758 355	71 669 144	11 670 856	(1 360 741)	81 979 259	204 779 096

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

30 JUNE 2014

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Opening Balance	Additions	Cost Transfers	Disposals	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Accumulated I Additions	Depreciation Disposals	Closing Balance	Carrying Value
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Land and Buildings	29 942 296	-	-	-	29 942 296	537 326	119 481	-	656 806	29 285 489
Land	17 994 241	-	-	-	17 994 241	-	-	-	-	17 994 241
Buildings	11 948 055	-	-	-	11 948 055	537 326	119 481	-	656 806	11 291 248
Infrastructure	213 763 341	10 674 188	-	(662 347)	223 775 181	53 113 203	8 860 392	(506 866)	61 466 729	162 308 452
Roads and Stormwater	148 617 767	7 596 511	(218 221)	(564 817)	155 431 241	43 563 628	6 527 985	(495 422)	49 596 190	105 835 051
Electricity	63 020 358	2 082 862	218 221	(97 531)	65 223 909	9 517 813	2 325 638	(11 444)	11 832 007	53 391 902
Other	2 125 216	994 815	-	-	3 120 030	31 763	6 769	-	38 532	3 081 498
Community Assets	7 842 083	-	-	-	7 842 083	290 931	313 683	-	604 614	7 237 469
Recreation Grounds and Facilities	5 465 757	-	-	-	5 465 757	90 550	218 630	-	309 181	5 156 576
Cemetery	2 376 326	-	-	-	2 376 326	200 381	95 053	-	295 434	2 080 893
Lease Assets	2 250 062	104 431	-	-	2 354 493	902 756	470 176	-	1 372 932	981 561
Office Equipment	2 250 062	104 431	-	-	2 354 493	902 756	470 176	-	1 372 932	981 561
Other Assets	17 998 618	385 041	-	(2 479 061)	15 904 599	7 762 487	1 741 973	(1 936 398)	7 568 062	8 336 537
Office Equipment and Tools	6 162 020	385 041	-	(1 054 683)	5 492 378	3 378 192	787 036	(961 615)	3 203 613	2 288 766
Motor vehicles and implements	11 836 598	-	-	(1 424 378)	10 412 220	4 384 294	954 938	(974 783)	4 364 449	6 047 771
	271 796 399	11 163 660	-	(3 141 408)	279 818 651	62 606 702	11 505 705	(2 443 264)	71 669 144	208 149 507
Balance previously reported	271 592 032	11 163 660	-	(3 141 408)	279 614 284	62 448 434	11 474 053	(2 443 264)	71 479 223	208 135 060
Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.01	204 367	-	-	-	204 367	158 268	31 653	-	189 921	14 446
	271 796 399	11 163 660	-	(3 141 408)	279 818 651	62 606 702	11 505 705	(2 443 264)	71 669 144	208 149 507
GRAP 17 - Property, Plant and Equi	pment								2015	2014
Included in PPE balances at each repor	ting period are the follo	owing Work in Pro	gress balances. N	o depreciation is	charged on these ba	alances before the pr	oject is complete	d.	R	R
Infrastructure - Roads and Stormwater										6 309 767
Infrastructure - Electricity									_	1 784 112
Infrastructure - Other									2 984 642	2 984 642
Community Assets - Recreation Ground	s								2 467 114	-
									5 451 757	11 078 521

No property, plant and equipment is used as security for long term liabilities, except assets acquired in terms of a finance lease- or hire purchase agreement as disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements A fixed asset register containing the information required by section 63 of the MFMA is available for inspection at the registered office of the municipality.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

12.2 PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - CAPITALISED RESTORATION COSTS

	2015 R	2014 R
Net Carrying amount at 1 July	-	-
Acquisitions	191 597	262 447
Impairments	(191 597)	(262 447)
Net Carrying amount at 30 June		-
Cost	2 457 655	2 266 058
Accumulated Impairments	(2 457 655)	(2 266 058)

Landfill-sites financed by way of a provision - Refer to note 5 for further disclosures.

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTY

Net Carrying amount at 1 July	47 880 058	48 156 899
Cost	49 325 969	49 325 969
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.02		51 478 969 (2 153 000)
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 445 911)	(1 169 069)
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.02		(1 253 898) 84 828
Disposals Depreciation for the year	(33 000) (276 842)	(276 842)
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.02		(293 807) 16 966
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	47 570 216	47 880 058
Cost Accumulated Depreciation	49 292 969 (1 722 752)	49 325 969 (1 445 911)

An income of R 1 477 730 (2014 - R1 461 875) was identified on these investment properties and was recognised as revenue from rental of facilities.

Operating expenses that enabled the municipality to generate economic benefits as well as maintain the standards of the facilities were identified as R 48 893 (2014 - R 259 873).

There are no restrictions on the disposal of Investment Property or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Net Carrying amount at 1 July	315 109	365 035
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	1 495 050 (1 179 941)	1 430 592 (1 065 557)
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.03		(1 079 472) 13 915
Acquisitions Amortisation	74 855 (110 896)	64 458 (114 384)
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.03		(112 192) (2 192)
Disposals	(3 222)	-
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	(4 206) 984	-
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	275 846	315 109
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	1 565 699 (1 289 853)	1 495 050 (1 179 941)

No intangible assets were assessed to having an indefinite useful life.

There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date.

There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.

There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities

There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

HERITAGE ASSETS 15

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	2015 R	2014 R
Net Carrying amount at 1 July	2 321 543	2 321 543
Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.04	Γ	۔ 2 321 543
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	2 321 543	2 321 543
Cost	2 321 543	2 321 543

There are no restrictions on the realisability of Heritage Assets or the remittance of revenue and proceeds of disposal.

There are no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop Heritage Assets or for repairs, maintenance or enhancements.

There are no Heritage Assets pledged as security for liabilities

NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS 16

Fixed Deposits 780 905 740 904 Total Non-Current Investments 780 905 740 904 Fixed Deposits are investments with a maturity period of more than 12 months and earn interest rates varying from 6.27% % to 6.77% per annum. (2014 - 5.38% to 5.50%) 740 904 Fixed deposits consist out of the following accounts 740 9687 711 314 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-6626-7402 749 687 711 314 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 31 217 29 500 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 749 687 711 314 BiologicAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 2014 R Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 56 332 Biesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Biask Wildebeest 43 1500 64 500 60 000 Germs buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 15 43 Red Hantebeest 47 2 000 34 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 15 00					
Fixed Deposits are investments with a maturity period of more than 12 months and earn interest rates varying from 6.27% % to 6.77% per annum. (2014 - 5.38% to 5.50%) Fixed deposits consist out of the following accounts ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-6626-7402 749 687 711 314 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 31 217 29 590 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 749 687 711 314 Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 749 687 711 314 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 2015 2015 2014 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2014 R Springbuck 68 700 47 600 25 632 Biesbuck 68 700 47 600 25 632 Biesbuck 27 3 200 86 400 202 15 632 Biesbuck 27 3 200 86 400 202 15 632 Biesbuck 27 3 200 86 400 202 15 632 Biesbuck 27 3 200 86 400 202 15 632 Biesbuck 27 3 200 86 400	Fixed Deposits			780 905	740 904
varying from 6.27% % to 6.77% per annum. (2014 - 5.38% to 5.50%) Fixed deposits consist out of the following accounts ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-6626-7402 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 2015 Q15 Q14	Total Non-Current Investments		=	780 905	740 904
ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-6626-7402 749 687 711 314 ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 780 905 740 904 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 749 687 711 314 Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 749 687 711 314 749 687 711 314 749 687 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 Blesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 43 1500 64 500 60 000 Gerns buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 64 500 Zebra 24 5 000 75 000 150 64 500 Zebra 17 500 8 500 13 684			nterest rates		
ABSA Fixed Deposit - Account number 20-4791-9733 31 217 29 590 Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 740 904 Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 749 687 711 314 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 2014 Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 Black Wildebeest 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 64 300 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684	Fixed deposits consist out of the following accounts				
Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for the following specific purposes: 749 687 711 314 Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 749 687 711 314 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 2014 Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 Blesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 43 1 500 64 500 60 000 Gerns buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 64500 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684					
Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3 749 687 711 314 T49 687 711 314 T49 687 711 314 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 2014 Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 Blesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 68 700 47 600 55 632 Gerns buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 643 Zebra 24 5 000 75 000 150 643 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684			_	780 905	740 904
The second system The second system	Included in Non-Current investments are balances ring-fenced for	or the following specific pu	urposes:		
BIOLOGICAL ASSETS 2015 2015 2015 2014 R R R Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 156 632 120 003 156 632 120 003 120 003 156 632 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 120 003 156 632 130 64 500 60 000 120 003 156 632 150 64 500 60 000 120 003 150 64 500 60 000 120 003 156 432 150 150 64 30 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 64 32 150 64 32 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 150 64 32 150 <td>Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>749 687</td> <td>711 314</td>	Security for DBSA loan - Refer note 3			749 687	711 314
2015 Quantity (Units) 2015 Fair Value R 2015 R 2015 R 2014 R Springbuck 331 400 132 400 120 003 Blesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 43 1 500 64 500 60 000 Gems buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 643 Zebra 24 5 000 120 000 127 442 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684			_	749 687	711 314
Blesbuck 68 700 47 600 55 632 Black Wildebeest 43 1 500 64 500 60 000 Gems buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 643 Zebra 24 5 000 120 000 127 442 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684	BIOLOGICAL ASSETS	Quantity	Fair Value		
Black Wildebeest 43 1 500 64 500 60 000 Gems buck 27 3 200 86 400 202 158 Red Hartebeest 47 2 000 94 000 27 947 Eland 15 5 000 75 000 150 643 Zebra 24 5 000 120 000 127 442 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684					
Gems buck273 20086 400202 158Red Hartebeest472 00094 00027 947Eland155 00075 000150 643Zebra245 000120 000127 442Ostrich175008 50013 684					
Red Hartebeest472 00094 00027 947Eland155 00075 000150 643Zebra245 000120 000127 442Ostrich175008 50013 684					
Eland155 00075 000150 643Zebra245 000120 000127 442Ostrich175008 50013 684					
Zebra 24 5 000 120 000 127 442 Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684					
Ostrich 17 500 8 500 13 684					

Fair value of biological assets is based on selling prices less costs to sell in an open active market. The decline in the buffalo value can mainly be attributed to 10 of the animals breaking out of the reserve and effectively the municipality lost control of the animals, thus not meeting the definition of an asset anymore.

Reconciliation of fair value:

Opening Fair Value	1 867 509	1 483 800
Decrease in fair value due to disposals	(913 853)	(286 125)
Fair value adjustments - Physical changes and death	82 128	340 688
Fair value adjustments - Price adjustments	455 117	329 147
Closing Fair Value	1 490 900	1 867 509

1 490 900

1 867 509

No title or other restrictions are placed on biological assets.

No biological assets were pledged as security for liabilities.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

17 BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

There are no commitments for the development or acquisition of biological assets.

All biological assets are classified as consumable and are held for sale.

All biological assets are located in the nature reserve and spa. The primary activities revolving around biological assets are as follows:

- Ensure that the game life in the municipal area are conserved for future generations.

- Ensure that game numbers are managed adequately. When the need arises to reduce the game number, prospective hunters are invited to submit tenders for the purchase of game, resulting in an inflow of resources to the municipality.

Due to the unwillingness of insurance companies to carry the risk and potential losses relating to biological assets, the financial risk is managed as follows:

- Regular inspection and maintenance of boundary fences to manage movement of biological assets.

- Regular monitoring of game quantities by municipal staff.

INVENTORY	2015 R	2014 R
Consumable Stores - Tar Premix	-	76 570
Consumable Stores - Electrical Stock	667 648	678 954
	667 648	755 524
Inventory recognised as an expense during the year	781 968	777 976
RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		

19

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Service Receivables Electricity	8 396 719	7 808 783
Balance Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.06		7 962 873 (154 090)
Refuse	4 468 401	2 659 153
Balance Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.06		2 621 489 37 664
Other Arrears	1 244 248	1 102 086
Balance Previously Reported Prior Period Adjustment - Refer to note 39.06		1 093 569 8 517
Total Service Receivables Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts	14 109 367 (5 519 212)	11 570 022 (3 221 460)

8 590 155

8 348 562

Total Receivables from exchange transactions

Ageing of Receivables from Exchange Transactions

(Electricity): Ageing

Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	6 591 817 432 706 218 647 1 153 550	5 791 019 747 936 438 718 831 111
Total	8 396 719	7 808 783
(Refuse): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	463 478	354 688
31 - 60 Days	282 854	181 612
61 - 90 Days	246 764	149 208
+ 90 Days	3 475 304	1 973 644
Total	4 468 401	2 659 153
(Other arrears): Ageing		
Current (0 - 30 days)	148 214	184 582
31 - 60 Days	108 869	67 729
61 - 90 Days	113 987	133 017
+ 90 Days	873 178	716 758
Total	1 244 248	1 102 086

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED) 19

	2015	2014
(Total): Ageing	R	R
Current (0 - 30 days)	7 203 508	6 330 289
31 - 60 Days	824 429	997 277
61 - 90 Days	579 397	720 943
+ 90 Days	5 502 032	3 521 513
Total	14 109 367	11 570 022
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year	3 221 460	2 333 534
Contribution to provision	4 553 952	3 040 201
Bad Debts Written Off	(2 256 200)	(2 152 274)
Balance at end of year	5 519 212	3 221 460
The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follows:		
Electricity	1 431 900	1 044 692
Refuse	3 258 437	1 587 920
Other	828 874	588 849
	5 519 212	3 221 460

Refer to note 48 d) for disclosures regarding the credit risks associated with receivables.

Debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest is charged after this date at prime +1%. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

The fair value of trade and other receivables approximates their carrying amounts.

RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Service Receivables Rate

	(2 613 683)	(1 372 164)
Total Service Receivables Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts	4 673 916	3 788 628
Other Debtors	215 925	316 819
Government	188 880	192 475
Staff Deposits	54 857 146 403	362 508 146 403
Accrued Interest	51 680	33 249
Other Receivables	657 745	1 051 453
Balance Previously Reported Prior Period Adustment - Refer to note 39.06		2 757 339 (20 164)
Rates	4 016 172	2 737 174

Ageing of Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions

(Rates): Ageing

Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days + 90 Days	792 538 284 805 194 801 2 744 028	794 346 190 775 138 556 1 613 497
Total	4 016 172	2 737 174
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision Bad Debts Written Off	1 372 164 1 938 559 (697 040)	1 104 895 1 180 515 (913 246)
Balance at end of year	2 613 683	1 372 164

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

The Provision for impairment could be allocated between the different dasaes of receivables as follows: n n Rates 2 013 083 1 3/2 104 Rates 2 013 083 1 3/2 104 Refer to note 48 0) for diadocure's regarding the credit risks associated with receivables. Debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest is charged after this date at prime +1%. The fair value of trade and other neceivables approximates their carrying amounts. 21 OPERATING LASE ARRANGEMENTS Balance on 30 June - - Priom the 302 function of a discretion of the dates expendent for account with the resultability of data does and a due at prime +1%. - - - Priom the 302 function of the data does account in the annual budget. Thus no account with the resultability and a so a leasor under comparing leases indicating that rent will be increased annually on 01 July in account and account of the action apprenent for resultable and guide addition. - - OPERATING LASE ARRANGEMENTS 280 885 273 405 100 633 7 188 8 142 23 CASH ADD CASH EQUIVALENTS 280 885 240 885 240 885 3 302 9 24 and adat squary data result of adation does and adation of the data door	20	RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)	2015 R	2014 R
2 613 663 1 372 164 Refer to note 48 d) for disclosures regarding the credit risks associated with receivables.		The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follows:	K	ĸ
Debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest is charged after this date at prime +1%. The fair value of tade and other receivables approximates their carrying amounts. 21 OPERATING LEASE ARRANCEMENTS Balance on 30 June		Rates		
Debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest is charged after this date at prime +1%. The fair value of tade and other receivables approximates their carrying amounts. 21 OPERATING LEASE ARRANCEMENTS Balance on 30 June		- Refer to note 48 d) for disclosures regarding the credit risks associated with receivables.		
21 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS Balance on 30 June		Debts are required to be settled after 30 days, interest is charged after this date at prime +1%.		
Baince on 30 June . From the 2012 financial year, the lesse escalation is effective annual budget. Thus no lessed asset is activated on 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2015. The lesse agreement for rented flats has a clause indicating that rent will be increased annualy on 01 July. At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating lesses, it will receive operating lesses income as Ioliows: 200 665 273 406 Up to 1 Year 200 665 273 406 81412 301 181 Z CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 344 172 391 181 Z CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 10 07 281 80 082 309 Gall investments Deposits 12 494 424 8 086 309 Cash And Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 305 738 8 895 481 Cash Information 4 062 3 802 Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 305 738 8 895 481 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 305 738 8 895 481 Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held and short tem deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value. 13 505 738 8 895 481 Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held and short tem deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value. 13 505 738 8 895 481 Cash book balan		The fair value of trade and other receivables approximates their carrying amounts.		
From the 2012 Infancial year, the lease escalation is effective annually on 01 July in accordance with the metal charge determined by council in the annual budget. Thus no pased asset is couldated on 30 June 2014 and 30 June 2015. The lease agreement for reneted flats has a clause indicating that rent will be increased annually on 01 July. At the Statement of Financial Position date, where the municipality acts as a lessor under operating leases, it will receive operating lease income as follows: Up to 1 Year 1 to 5 Years 66 305 273 406 199 633 More than 5 Years 7 188 8 142 391 181 7 014 Operating Lease Arrangements 3 44 172 391 181 7 014 Operating Lease Arrangements 3 44 172 391 181 7 014 Operating Lease Arrangements 3 44 172 391 181 7 014 Operating Lease Arrangements 12 404 424 8 082.269 Operating Lease Arrangements 12 404 424 8 082.269 Operating Lease Arrangements 10 4052 3 802 7 014 Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 505 738 8 895 481 09 623 3 802 7 014 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 505 738 8 895 481 09 623 3 802 7 014 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 14 00 20 2 3 802 7 014 Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets 13 505 738 8 895 481 Cash and cash equivalents - Assets 14 20 2(2014 - R 937 168) is held to ensure sufficient cash resources are available when capital and interest payments on the DBSA lean becomes payable. Refer note 3 No overdraft facility exist. The municipality has the following bank accounts: Cutrent Accounts 2 246 227 716 625 537 002 247 18 629 569 (Primary Account -2019) 244 927 716 625 537 002 344 522 716 625 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 537 002 344 522 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 726 516 7	21	OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS		
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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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Rateable Land and Buildings 15 653 037 15 154 193 Residential, Commercial Property, State 15 653 037 15 154 193 Less: Rebates (4 502 700) (3 717 396) Total Assessment Rates 11 150 337 11 436 797 Valuations 11 150 337 11 436 797 Kateable Land and Buildings 1 303 787 375 1 170 581 400 Sectional Title 31 225 1004 27 902 000 Jamestown 57 599 821 39 074 400 Dukathole 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 Dordrecht Agricultural 740 524 000 373 703 500	5	PROPERTY RATES				
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Less: Rebates (4 502 700) (3 717 396) Total Assessment Rates 11 150 337 11 436 797 Valuations 11 150 337 11 436 797 Rateable Land and Buildings 1 303 787 375 1 170 581 400 Sectional Title 31 251 004 27 902 000 Jamestown 57 599 821 39 074 400 Dukathole 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 Dordrecht Agricultural 740 524 000 373 703 500			-			
Total Assessment Rates 11 150 337 11 436 797 Valuations Rateable Land and Buildings 1 100 787 110 581 400 Aliwal Residential 1 303 787 375 1 170 581 400 27 902 000 31 251 004 27 902 000 31 251 004 27 902 000 39 074 400 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 275 150 320 252 894 870 373 703 500						
Rateable Land and Buildings Aliwal Residential 1 303 787 375 1 170 581 400 Sectional Title 31 251 004 27 902 000 Jamestown 57 599 821 39 074 400 Dukathole 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 Dordrecht Agricultural 740 524 000 373 703 500		Total Assessment Rates			11 150 337	11 436 797
Rateable Land and Buildings Aliwal Residential 1 303 787 375 1 170 581 400 Sectional Title 31 251 004 27 902 000 Jamestown 57 599 821 39 074 400 Dukathole 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 Dordrecht Agricultural 740 524 000 373 703 500		Valuations				
Sectional Title 31 251 004 27 902 000 Jamestown 57 599 821 39 074 400 Dukathole 275 150 320 252 209 500 Aliwal Agricultural 1 034 793 381 528 984 870 Dordrecht Agricultural 740 524 000 373 703 500			lings			
Total Assessment Rates 3 443 105 901 2 392 455 670		Sectional Title Jamestown Dukathole Aliwal Agricultural			31 251 004 57 599 821 275 150 320 1 034 793 381	27 902 000 39 074 400 252 209 500 528 984 870
		Total Assessment Rates			3 443 105 901	2 392 455 670

Valuations on land and buildings are performed every four years. The last valuation came into effect on 1 July 2014. Rebates were granted on land with buildings used solely for dwellings purposes as follows: Residential - The first R15 000 on the valuation is exempted. On registered indigent households a rebate was approved up to a value of R65 000 per household. Further rebates were approved for agricultural properties that were phased in according to the Property Rates Act.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

23 PROPERTY RATES (CONTINUED)

0.7372c/R	0.8482c/R
0.8846c/R	1.0761c/R
0.1843c/R	0.2541c/R
0.0000c/R	0.0000c/R
0.1843c/R	0.2117c/R
0.3686c/R	0.4247c/R
0.3686c/R	0.4247c/R
0.7372c/R	0.8482c/R
0.0000c/R	0.0000c/R
1.4744c/R	1.6964c/R
1.4744c/R	1.6964c/R
	0.8846c/R 0.1843c/R 0.0000c/R 0.1843c/R 0.3686c/R 0.3686c/R 0.7372c/R 0.0000c/R 1.4744c/R

Rates are levied annually and monthly. Monthly rates are payable by the 15th of the following month and annual rates are payable before 30 September. Interest is levied at the prime rate plus 1% on outstanding monthly rates.

Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.

24 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES

	2015 R	2014 R
Unconditional Grants	25 392 000	24 074 000
Equitable Share	25 392 000	24 074 000
Conditional Grants	13 306 372	14 689 618
Grants and Donations	13 306 372	14 689 618
Total Government Grants and Subsidies	38 698 372	38 763 618
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	7 138 989	8 413 960
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	31 559 383	30 349 658
Total Government Grants and Subsidies	38 698 372	38 763 618
Revenue recognised per vote as required by Section 123 (c) of the MFMA		
Equitable share	25 392 000	24 074 000
Executive & Council	277 938	119 000
Planning and Development	6 585	10 000
Budget and Treasury	3 515 010	3 844 439
Road Transport	6 560 867	9 322 811
Waste Management	-	-
Sport and Recreation	2 241 972 704 000	- 704 000
Community and Social Socials	704 000	
Community and Social Services Electricity	-	689 368

2015

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24.01 Equitable share

Opening balance	-	-
Grants received	24 296 000	24 074 000
Conditions met - Operating	(25 392 000)	(24 074 000)
Grants to be recovered	(1 096 000)	-

The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

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GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED) 24

	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)	2015	2014
24.02	Finance Management Grant (FMG)	R	R
	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	1 800 000 (1 630 908) -	- 1 650 000 (1 631 790) (18 210)
	Conditions still to be met	169 092	-
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).		
24.03	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant (MSIG)		
	Opening balance Grants received	- 934 000	- 890 000

24

Opening balance	-	-
Grants received	934 000	890 000
Conditions met - Operating	(795 400)	(780 129)
Conditions met - Capital	(138 600)	(109 871)
Conditions still to be met		-

The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.

24.04 Municipal Infrastructure Grant (MIG)

Conditions met - Operating Conditions still to be met

Opening balance	4 290 225	(851 664)
Grants received Conditions met - Operating	12 029 000 (1 581 504)	14 526 000 (1 787 600)
Conditions met - Capital	(7 000 389)	(7 596 511)
Conditions still to be met	7 737 331	4 290 225

The grant was used to construct roads and storm water infrastructure, with the main focus on the historically disadvantaged areas.

24.05 Housing Grants

	Opening balance Conditions met - Operating	2 473 910 (155 610)	2 473 910 -
	Conditions still to be met	2 318 300	2 473 910
	Housing grants was utilised for the development of erven and the erection of top structures.		
24.06	Integrated National Electrification Grant		
	Opening balance Grants received Paid Back to National Treasury Conditions met - Operating Conditions met - Capital	-	61 749 2 000 000 (1 144 000) (228 382) (689 368)
	Grant expenditure to be recovered	-	-
	The National Electrification Grant was used to upgrade the sub-station and electrification network.		
24.07	Expanded Public Works Program (EPWP)		
	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met - Operating	1 201 000 (1 201 000)	- 1 000 000 (1 000 000)

This program is aimed at providing poverty and income relief through the creation of temporary work opportunities.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED) 24

	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)	2015 R	2014 R
24.08	Other Grants		
	Opening balance	933 363	933 363
	Grants received	795 552	847 756
	Conditions met - Operating	(802 961)	(847 756)
	Conditions still to be met	925 953	933 363

Various grants were received from other spheres of government and includes for example the following: Spatial Development Framework, Skills Development Grant, Ukhahlamba Library Equipment Fund etc.

24.09 Total Grants

	7 697 500	2 617 361
Opening balance		
Grants received	41 055 552	44 987 756
Paid Back to National Treasury	-	(1 144 000
Conditions met - Operating	(31 559 383)	(30 349 658
Conditions met - Capital	(7 138 989)	(8 413 960
Conditions still to be met	10 054 680	7 697 500

Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Unpaid Government Grants and Receipts	11 150 680 (1 096 000)	7 697 500
	10 054 680	7 697 500

25 SERVICE CHARGES

CERTIFIC CHARGES		
Electricity	60 990 284	56 821 878
Refuse Removal	9 740 803	8 538 193
	70 731 087	65 360 071
Less: Rebates	(10 118 407)	(9 248 315)
Total Service Charges	60 612 679	56 111 756

Rebates can be defined as any income that the Municipality is entitled by law to levy, but which has subsequently been forgone by way of rebate or remission.

26 OTHER INCOME

Admission Fees	228 650	164 282
Sundry Income	465 681	640 764
Building Plan & Inspection Fees	97 292	103 987
Sale of Game	127 231	245 656
Electricity Re-Connection Fees	353 387	806 728
Cemetery Fees	177 302	173 863
Pound Fees	6 989	4 014
Joe Gqabi Municipality Debt Waiver	-	4 634 390
Total Other Income	1 456 532	6 773 685
Disclosed as:		
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions	-	4 634 390
Revenue from Exchange Transactions	1 456 532	2 139 294
Total Other Income	1 456 532	6 773 685

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

27 FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENTS

28

29

	2015 R	2014 R
Fair value changes in biological assets - Refer to note 17	(376 609)	383 70
Total Fair Value Adjustments	(376 609)	383 7
EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS		
Employee Related Costs - Salaries and Wages	27 618 575	26 437 8
Employee Related Costs - Contributions for UIF, Pensions and Medical Aids	6 127 019	5 906 1
Travel, Motor Car, Accommodation, Subsistence and Other Allowances	3 376 127	3 494 8
Housing Benefits and Allowances	79 218	63 4
Overtime Payments	568 338	490 2
Bonuses	1 948 275	1 859 6
Performance Bonuses	613 677	606 1
Provision for leave	205 220	613 0
Contribution for training	391 542	387 3
Industrial Council Levy	17 411	16 6
Provision for compensation for injuries on duty	305 902	437 20
Long Service Awards	237 149	243 30
Post Retirement Medical	567 520	504 09
Total Employee Related Costs	42 055 972	41 059 9

Key management personnel are all appointed on 5-year fixed contracts. There are no post-employment or termination benefits payable to them at the end of the contract periods.

REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - MP Nonjola		
Annual Remuneration	1 129 400	1 052 563
Other Allowance	36 000	36 000
Total	1 165 400	1 088 563
Remuneration of the Manager - Technical Services - TE Molefe		
Annual Remuneration	880 266	820 378
Other Allowance	10 800	10 800
Total	891 066	831 178
Remuneration of the Manager - Community and Social Services - NBB Mokhantso		
Annual Remuneration	738 454	711 792
Other Allowance	10 800	10 800
Total	749 254	722 592
Remuneration of the Manager - Corporate and Support Services - ZE Pungwani		
Annual Remuneration	808 278	753 288
Other Allowance	10 800	10 800
Total	819 078	764 088
Remuneration of the Manager - Financial Services - T Maseko		
Annual Remuneration	880 265	820 378
Other Allowance	10 800	10 800
Total	891 065	831 178
REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
Councillors	2 839 918	2 686 019
Travelling allowance	331 175	311 095
Telephone allowance	293 616	293 616
Total Councillors' Remuneration	3 464 708	3 290 731

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

29 REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS (CONTINUED)

29	REMUNERATION OF COU	NCILLORS (CONTINUED)		
			2015	2014
			R	R
	Remuneration per Council	lor		
	Cllr N S Mathetha	Mayor	697 231	659 151
	Cllr E S Mbana	PR Councillor	283 482	268 607
	Cllr G D Fourie	PR Councillor	226 297	214 873
	Cllr H du Preez	PR Councillor	283 482	268 607
	Cllr M Jan	PR Councillor	226 297	214 873
	Cllr MB Mtshingana	PR Councillor	226 297	214 873
	Cllr KS Lange	Ward 1 Councillor	226 297	214 873
	Cllr MW Mokhoabane	Ward 2 Councillor	283 482	268 607
	Cllr ZE Betana	Ward 3 Councillor	283 482	267 914
	Cllr P Williams	Ward 4 Councillor	218 582	214 873
	Cllr M Mdumisa	Ward 5 Councillor	283 482	268 607
	Cllr M Tsolanku	Ward 6 Councillor	226 297	214 873
			3 464 708	3 290 731
30	DEBT IMPAIRMENT			
50				
		hange transactions - Note 19	4 553 952	3 040 201
	Other Receivables from non	-exchange transactions - Note 20	1 938 559	1 180 515
	Total Contribution to Impa	irment Provision	6 492 511	4 220 715
	VAT included in contribution	for the year	(370 289)	(99 414)
	Total Debt impairment rec	ognised in statement of financial performance	6 122 221	4 121 301
31	DEPRECIATION AND AMO	RTISATION		
	Droporty Dignt and Equipmo	at	11 670 856	11 505 705
	Property Plant and Equipme Investment Property	in a second s	276 842	276 842
	Intangible Assets		110 896	114 384
	Total Depreciation and Am	ortisation	12 058 594	11 896 931
22				
32	IMPAIRMENTS			
	Landfill Sites		191 597	262 447
	Total Impairments		191 597	262 447
33	REPAIRS AND MAINTENA	NCE		
	Land and Buildings		328 077	339 628
	Investment Property		48 893	339 020
	Tools and equipment		135 847	87 241
	Furniture and office equipme	pot	123 981	124 809
	Vehicles and Implements		638 945	858 772
	Water Reticulation			6 800
	Streets and stormwater		1 517 976	1 781 791
	Landfill Site		95 069	127 883
	Electricity Reticulation		643 108	708 098
	Fencing		10 890	4 607
	Street Lights		138 860	69 878
	Other		5 707	17 525
	Total Repairs and Mainten	ance	3 687 353	4 127 032
34	FINANCE CHARGES			
	DBSA loan		192 067	202 743
	Unamortised Discount - Inte	rest (DBSA Loan)	134 942	133 790
	Hire Purchases		232 555	308 149
	Finance leases		165 535	238 114
	Overdraft Facilities		38	-
	Post Retirement Medical		1 003 541	888 166
	Long Service Awards Interest on Creditors		120 859	97 716
	Landfill Sites		5 198 408 183 042	2 927 799 156 976
	Total finance charges		7 230 986	4 953 452

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

35 BULK PURCHASES

36

37

38

5	BULK PURCHASES	2015 R	2014 R
	Electricity	47 763 006	45 015 920
	Total Bulk Purchases	47 763 006	45 015 920
6	GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES PAID		
	Indigent Subsidies	391 251	386 505
	Total Grants and Subsidies Paid	391 251	386 505
7	OTHER OPERATING GRANT EXPENDITURE		
	Expanded Public Works Program	1 201 000	1 000 000
	Financial and Systems Management	2 113 748	1 896 823
	Valuation Costs	27 328	1 168 912
	Total Other Operating Grant Expenditure	3 342 076	4 065 735
В	GENERAL EXPENSES		
	Advertisements	328 275	208 404
	Audit Fees	3 784 579	3 602 857
	Bank Charges and other related costs	227 242	615 671
	Books, Publications and magazines	50 143	46 570
	Cleaning Materials and Chemicals	128 961	100 485
	Commission Prepaid Vendors	1 063 269	981 757
	Electricity (Eskom)	223 427	230 137
	Insurance	740 316	689 635
	Integrated development planning	23 461	43 210
	Legal Costs License Fees	75 747	147 956
	License Fees Local Government Activities	1 085 922 106 945	1 111 995 109 122
	Membership Fees	446 762	461 913
	Postage	128 129	134 093
	Printing and Stationary	354 846	391 886
	Professional Services	142 070	221 011
	Projects from own funds	701 086	1 077 877
	Protective Clothing	19 328	178 238
	Security Services	1 121 193	1 041 986
	Subsistence and Travelling	1 145 144	1 495 377
	Telephone Charges	984 334	867 783
	Training	972 006	1 197 345
	Transport Costs	33 500	86 060
	Vehicle: Fuel & Oil	1 223 877	1 400 251
	Water Purchases	79 038	579 916
	Other	1 049 903	468 641
	Total General Expenses	16 239 502	17 490 178

39 PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3

The following note sets to indicate the effect of both prior period errors which have been retrospectively adjusted against the individual components and changes due to the initial full adoption of GRAP 103 (Heritage Assets). GRAP 103 became effective during the 2012/2013 financial year. The municipality however opted to take advantage of the available Transitional Provision whereby a period of three years were granted to fully comply with the standard specifically relating to the measurement of Heritage Assets. This Transitional Provision expired on 30 June 2015 and all adjustments relating to the first time full adoption of GRAP 103 were done retrospectively.

39.01	Property Plant and Equipment (Excluding Capitalised Restoration Costs)	R
	Balance previously reported First time recognition of assets previously not recognised - Refer to note 39.10	208 135 060 304 367
	Effect on Office Equipment and Tools Effect on Infrastructure - Other	280 137 24 230
	Recognise depreciation up to 30 June 2013 on First Time Recognitions - Refer to 39.10	(146 129)
	Effect on Office Equipment and Tools Effect on Infrastructure - Other	(140 069) (6 061)

2014

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)	2014 R
	Recognise depreciation for 2013/2014 on First Time Recognitions - Refer to 39.11	(29 225)
	Effect on Office Equipment and Tools Effect on Infrastructure - Other	(28 014) (1 212)
	During the review of assets the municipality identified certain assets previously not recognised on 30 June 2008. The effect of depreciation up to 30 June 2014 is also disclosed.	
	Transfer of properties from Investment Properties - Refer to note 39.02	274 434
	Transfer of Cost from Investment Property (Land) Transfer of Cost from Investment Property (Buildings) Transfer of Accumulated Depreciation up to 30 June 2013 Transfer of Depreciation during 2013/2014	46 231 242 769 (12 138) (2 428)
	During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly included in Investment Properties. These properties were subsequently transferred to Property Plant and Equipment. The effect on depreciation were also corrected.	
	Transfer of properties to Heritage Assets (Land) - Refer to note 39.04	(389 000)
	During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly not transferred to Heritage assets in prior years.	
		208 149 507
39.02	Investment Property	
	Balance previously reported Transfer of properties to Heritage Assets	49 931 264 (1 776 772)
	Transfer of Cost to Heritage Assets - Refer to note 39.04 Effect on Accumulated Depreciation up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect on Depreciation during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(1 864 000) 72 690 14 538
	Transfer of properties to Property Plant and Equipment - Refer to note 39.01	(274 434)
	Transfer of Cost to Property Plant and Equipment Transfer of Accumulated Depreciation up to 30 June 2013 Transfer of Depreciation during 2013/2014	(289 000) 12 138 2 428
	During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly included in Investment Properties. These properties were subsequently transferred to Property Plant and Equipment and Heritage Assets respectively. The effect on depreciation were also corrected.	
39.03	Intangible Assets	47 880 058
00.00	Balance previously reported Correction of useful lives of intangible assets	303 386 11 723
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	13 915 (2 192)
	During the review of intangible assets, the municipality identified fully amortised assets that were still in use. The useful life of these assets were adjusted and the effect on amortisation up to 30 June 2014 is also disclosed.	
		315 109
39.04	Heritage Assets	
	Balance previously reported Transfer of properties from Investment Property - Refer to note 39.02 Transfer of properties from Property Plant and Equipment - Refer to note 39.01	- 1 864 000 389 000
	During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly not transferred to Heritage assets in prior years.	
	Recognise Heritage Assets previously not recognised - Refer to note 39.10	68 543
	During the year the municipality identified Heritage assets previously not recognised on 30 June 2012	
		2 321 543

39	PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)	2014 R
39.05	Payables from Exchange Transactions	
	Balance previously reported Corrections of Payables incorrectly not recognised in previous years	51 283 308 354 314
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	28 720 325 594
	Corrections of Payables incorrectly recognised in previous years	(49 605)
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(41 671) (7 934)
	The municipality identified various entries incorrectly not accrued/incorrectly accrued for on 30 June 2014. These corrections were subsequently corrected retrospectively.	
	Corrections of Councillors Allowances Previously not accrued for	295 093
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	273 685 21 408
	The municipality incorrectly did not accrue for councillor remuneration where final approval were only given by the MEC during November 2014. The corrections were made retrospectively.	
		51 883 110
39.06	Receivables from Exchange Transactions	
	Balance previously reported Corrections of Receivables incorrectly raised in previous years (Electricity)	8 456 471 (154 090)
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(7 990) (146 100)
	Corrections of Receivables incorrectly raised in previous years (Refuse)	37 664
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(8 808) 46 472
	Corrections of Receivables incorrectly raised in previous years (Other Arrears)	8 517
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(16 303) 24 820
	During the review of receivables, the municipality identified various items where ratepayers and consumers were incorrectly levied. These items were corrected retrospectively.	
		8 348 562
39.07	Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	
	Balance previously reported	2 436 628
	Corrections of Receivables incorrectly raised in previous years (Rates)	(20 164)
	Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	(637) (19 527)
	During the review of receivables, the municipality identified various items where ratepayers and consumers were incorrectly levied. These items were corrected retrospectively.	
		2 416 463
39.08	Taxes	
	Balance previously reported Correction of VAT incorrectly not claimed during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	2 174 194 173
	During the review of expenditure, the municipality identified payments where VAT were incorrectly not claimed.	
		2 174 367

39		PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)	2014 R
	39.09	Unspent Ccoditional Government Grants and Receipts	N
		Balance previously reported Unpaid Grants incorrectly recognised as a receivable	4 666 779 3 030 721
		Effect up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.10 Effect during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.11	765 863 2 264 857
		The municipality identified grant exenditure relating to DEAT, Housing and INEG that were incorrectly recognised as a receivable	
			7 697 500
	39.10	Accumulated Surplus	
		Balance previously reported Prior Period Adjustments to Statement of Financial Performance - Refer to note 39.11	194 693 551 (2 714 967)
		First time recognition of assets previously not recognised - Refer to note 39.01 Recognise depreciation up to 30 June 2012 on First Time Recognitions - Refer to 39.01	304 367 (146 129)
		During the review of assets the municipality identified certain assets previously not recognised on 30 June 2008. The effect of depreciation up to 30 June 2014 is also disclosed.	
		Correction of usefull lives of intangible assets - Refer to note 39.03	13 915
		During the review of intangible assets, the municipality identified fully amortised assets that were still in use. The useful life of these assets were adjusted and the effect on amortisation up to 30 June 2013 is disclosed.	
		Corrections of Payables incorrectly not recognised in previous years - Refer to note 39.05 Corrections of Payables incorrectly recognised in previous years - Refer to note 39.05	(28 720) 41 671
		The municipality identified various entries incorrectly not accrued/incorrectly accrued for on 30 June 2014. These corrections were subsequently corrected retrospectively.	
		Transfer of Investment Properties to Heritage Assets - Effect on Accumulated Depreciation up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to note 39.02	72 690
		During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly included in Investment Properties. These properties were subsequently transferred to Heritage Assets and the effect on depreciation were also corrected.	
		Recognise Heritage Assets previously not recognised - Refer to note 39.04	68 543
		During the year the municipality identified Heritage assets previously not recognised on 30 June 2012	
		Corrections of Councillors Allowances Previously not accrued for - Refer to note 39.05	(273 685)
		The municipality incorrectly did not accrue for councillor remuneration where final approval were only given by the MEC during November 2014. The corrections were made retrospectively.	
		Corrections of Receivables incorrectly raised in previous years	(33 738)
		Receivables from Exchange Transactions - Refer to note 39.06 Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions - Refer to note 39.07	(33 101) (637)
		During the review of receivables, the municipality identified various items where ratepayers and consumers were incorrectly levied. These items were corrected retrospectively.	
		Unpaid Grants incorrectly recognised as a receivable - Refer to note 39.09	(765 863)
		The municipality identified grant exenditure relating to DEAT, Housing and INEG that were incorrectly recognised as a receivable	
		Total Prior Period Adjustments on opening balance of Accumulated Surplus on 30 June 2013	(746 950)
			191 231 634

39		PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)	2014 R
	39.11	RECONCILIATION PRIOR YEAR SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	N
		Balance previously reported Recognise depreciation for 2013/2014 on First Time Recognitions - Refer to 39.01	(10 854 520) (29 225)
		During the review of assets the municipality identified certain assets previously not recognised on 30 June 2008. The effect of depreciation during 2013/2014 is disclosed.	
		Correction of usefull lives of intangible assets - Refer to note 39.03	(2 192)
		During the review of intangible assets, the municipality identified fully amortised assets that were still in use. The useful life of these assets were adjusted and the effect on amortisation during 2013/2014 is disclosed.	
		Correction of grants and subsidies paid incorrectly included as part of revenue rebates	
		Effect on Service Charges Effect on Grants and Subsidies Paid	386 505 (386 505)
		During the review of rebates, the municipality identified expenditure items incorrectly included as part of revenue rebates. These indigent support expenditure were subsequently reclassified to grants and subsidies paid.	
		Transfer of Investment Properties to Heritage Assets - Effect Depreciation during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 39.02	14 538
		During the year, the municipality identified properties that were incorrectly included in Investment Properties. These properties were subsequently transferred to Heritage Assets and the effect on depreciation were also corrected.	
		Corrections of Payables incorrectly not recognised in previous years - Refer to note 39.05 Corrections of Payables incorrectly recognised in previous years - Refer to note 39.05	(325 594) 7 934
		Effect on Rental of Facilities and Equipment Effect on Other Income Effect on Repairs and Maintenance Effect on Finance Charges Effect on General Expenses	(159) (796) (8 336) (917) (307 452)
		The municipality identified various entries incorrectly not accrued/incorrectly accrued for on 30 June 2014. These corrections were subsequently corrected retrospectively.	
		Corrections of Councillors Allowances Previously not accrued for - Refer to note 39.05	(21 408)
		The municipality incorrectly did not accrue for councillor remuneration where final approval were only given by the MEC during November 2014. The corrections were made retrospectively.	
		Correction of receivables up to 30 June 2014 (Exchange) - Refer to note 39.06 Correction of receivables up to 30 June 2014 (Non-Exchange) - Refer to note 39.07	(74 808) (19 527)
		Effect on Property taxes	(18 379) 1 447
		Effect on Fines Effect on Service Charges	(96 157)
		Effect on Rental of Facilities and Equipment Effect on Interest Earned - outstanding debtors	23 374 (4 762)
		Effect on Other Income (Exchange)	<u>142</u>
		During the review of receivables, the municipality identified various items where ratepayers and consumers were incorrectly levied. These items were corrected retrospectively.	
		Correction of VAT incorrectly not claimed during 2013/2014 (General Expenses) - Refer to note 39.07	173
		During the review of expenditure, the municipality identified payments where VAT were incorrectly not claimed.	
		Unpaid Grants incorrectly recognised as a receivable - Refer to note 39.09	(2 264 857)
		Effect on Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital Effect on Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	(2 115 155) (149 702)
		The municipality identified grant exenditure relating to DEAT, Housing and INEG that were incorrectly recognised as a receivable	
			(13 569 487)

39	PRIOR PERIOD ERRORS AND FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)		2014 R
39.12	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		ĸ
	The municipality incorrectly disclosed the following provision for rahabilitation as part of the financial instruments disclosure in note 49.		
	Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites		3 887 711
	The provision does not meet the definition of a financial instrument as there are o counterparty with the right to receive any benefits from the provision at year-end.		
40	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED BY	2015	2014
		R	R
	Deficit for the year from continued operations	(21 537 516)	(13 569 487)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and Amortisation	12 058 594	11 896 931
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(392 609)	(170 352)
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	362 285	607 510
	Impairments	191 597	262 447
	Contribution to employee benefits - non-current	1 929 069	1 733 284
	Expenditure incurred - Employee Benefits	(437 592)	(467 643)
	Actuarial losses	(101 002)	48 482
	Actuarial gains	(2 349 666)	(93 118)
	Contribution to - Current Employee Benefits	2 767 171	3 078 830
	Contribution to employee benefits – current - expenditure incurred	(2 787 304)	(2 357 667)
	Contribution to - Current Provisions	335 792	471 419
	Contribution to Current Provisions - expenditure incurred	(358 063)	(726 483)
	Contribution to provisions – non current	183 042	156 976
	Bad debts	(2 953 240)	(3 065 520)
	Contribution to provisions – bad debt	6 122 221	4 121 301
	Fair Value Adjustments	376 609	(383 709)
	Unamortised discount - Interest - Expenditure Grants received	134 942 41 055 552	133 790 44 987 756
	Grant expenditure incurred	(38 698 372)	(38 763 618)
	Grants paid back to National Treasury	(00 000 072)	(1 144 000)
	Operating Surplus before changes in working capital Changes in working capital	(3 997 487) 18 738 430	6 757 128 13 305 520
	Increase in Payables from exchange transactions	24 783 329	17 857 352
	Increase in Taxes Receivable	(3 078 430)	(1 331 863)
	Decrease in Inventory	87 876	175 170
	Increase in Receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions	(3 054 345)	(3 395 140)
	Cash generated by operations	14 740 943	20 062 647

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

41 **RECONCILIATION OF CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

Due to various retrospective adjustments made on the comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2014 as disclosed in notes 39 and , the comparative figures as disclosed in the Cash Flow Statement were also affected.

The comparative figures were adjusted as follows:

The comparative figures were adjusted as follows:			
	2014 (Previously reported)	2014 (Adjustments)	2014 (Restated)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	R	R	R
Receipts			
Ratepayers and other	74 199 053	390 139	74 589 192
Government	44 987 756 824 951	-	44 987 756
	824 951	(4 762)	820 188
Payments	<i></i>		/
Suppliers Employees	(56 045 251) (40 227 973)	2 045	(56 043 206) (40 227 973)
Finance charges	(3 675 888)	(917)	(3 676 805)
Transfers and Grants	-	(386 505)	(386 505)
Cash generated by operations	20 062 648	-	20 062 648
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	(11 059 229)	-	(11 059 229)
Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets	260 986	-	260 986
Increase in Intangible Assets	(64 458)	-	(64 458)
Increase in Non-current Investments Net Cash from Investing Activities	(38 001) (10 900 702)		(38 001) (10 900 702)
Net Cash noin investing Activities	(10 900 702)	-	(10 900 702)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loans repaid	(1 553 537)	-	(1 553 537)
Increase in Consumer Deposits	173 078		173 078
Net Cash from Financing Activities	(1 380 459)	-	(1 380 459)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7 781 488		7 781 488
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	1 113 993	-	1 113 993
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	8 895 481	-	8 895 481
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	7 781 488		7 781 488
PURCHASE OF PROPERTY PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
Total Additions per note 12.1		8 680 589	11 163 660
Less: Hire Purchases and capitalised lease agreements entered into		-	(104 431)
		8 680 589	11 059 229
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:			
Call Investments Deposits - Note 22		12 494 424	8 082 369
Cash Floats - Note 22		4 052	3 802
Bank - Note 22		1 007 261	809 309
Total cash and cash equivalents		13 505 738	8 895 481

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NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES 43

	2015 R	2014 R
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 42 Investments - Note 16	13 505 738 780 905	8 895 481 740 904
Less:	14 286 642 13 307 135	9 636 384 9 345 982
Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 10 Secured Investments and cash	11 150 680 2 156 455	7 697 500 1 648 481
Resources available for working capital requirements	979 507	290 402
UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECONCILIATION		
Long-term Liabilities - Note 3 Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cost	6 232 690 (6 232 690)	7 896 514 (7 896 514)
Cash set aside for the repayment of long-term liabilities	-	-
Cash invested for repayment of long-term liabilities	<u> </u>	-

Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act. The Annuity Loans carry interest of 5% and will be fully redeemed on 30 September 2027.

UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED 45

45.1 Unauthorised expenditure

44

Unauthorised expenditure awaiting authorisation		
Approved by Council or condoned	(16 129 007)	(40 606 369)
Unauthorised expenditure current year - operating	15 089 170	17 716 504
Unauthorised expenditure current year - capital	432 669	176 053
Opening balance	17 892 556	40 606 369
Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:		

Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proce	edings		
Over expenditure on votes	Variance analysis was performed a Council to condone.	Variance analysis was performed and submitted to Council to condone.		
	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R
Operating expenditure by Vote	(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(Unauthorised)
Executive & Council	15 210 814	17 168 710	(1 957 896)	-
Planning and Development	1 376 271	1 830 200	(453 929)	-
Budget and Treasury	34 160 052	25 830 950	8 329 102	8 329 102
Public Safety	3 592 452	4 052 480	(460 028)	-
Road Transport	13 883 898	10 495 970	3 387 928	3 387 928
Other	475 102	155 120	319 982	319 982
Waste Management	10 254 611	10 602 030	(347 419)	-
Sport and Recreation	2 858 405	3 255 560	(397 155)	-
Community and Social Services	3 290 266	3 638 800	(348 534)	-
Housing	1 741 678	1 657 660	84 018	84 018
Electricity	56 442 611	53 474 470	2 968 141	2 968 141
	143 286 160	132 161 950	11 124 210	15 089 170

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

45 UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE DISALLOWED (CONTINUED)

		2015 R	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R
	Capital expenditure by vote	(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(Unauthorised)
	Executive & Council	13 127	435 000	(421 873)	-
	Budget and Treasury	248 292	620 000	(371 708)	-
	Public Safety	11 560	420 000	(408 440)	-
	Road Transport	4 270 122	5 220 000	(949 878)	-
	Waste Management	265 622	55 000	210 622	210 622
	Sport and Recreation	2 480 128	9 084 290	(6 604 162)	-
	Community and Social Services	17 543	50 000	(32 457)	-
	Housing	1 921	20 000	(18 079)	-
	Electricity	1 638 727	1 416 680	222 047	222 047
		8 947 041	17 320 970	(8 373 929)	432 669
				2015 R	2014 R
45.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure				
	Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expenditure:				
	Opening balance			2 962 162	1 602 971
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year			5 280 150	2 962 008
	Condoned or written off by Council			(2 771 795)	(1 602 818)
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaiting condor	nement		5 470 517	2 962 162
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedin	gs		
		Council was informed on circumstances			
	Interest paid on late payment - Refer to note 34	the interest charges on late payment to		5 198 446	2 927 799
	Penalties incurred (Workmens Compensation) - Refer to note 8	Application was made to the Compensa Commissioner on new assessment	tion	29 890	34 209
					01200
	Penalties incurred (South African Revenue Services)	None		51 814	
				5 280 150	2 962 008
45.3	Irregular expenditure				
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:				
	Opening balance			5 160	13 087 812
	Irregular expenditure current year			798 850	5 160
	Approved or written off by Council			(5 160)	(13 087 812)
	Irregular expenditure awaiting approval from Coun	cil		798 850	5 160
	Incident	Corrective Measures			
	Non-Compliance with Supply Chain:				
		Local suppliers has been informed and i submit tax clearance certificate on subm quotations and annually after expiry of t	nission of		
		clearance certificate. Municipality will no			
	Tax Matters not in order:	suppliers with no tax clearance certificat		798 850	5 160
				798 850	5 160
45.4	Material Losses			2015	2014
43.4	Material Losses				
	Units purchased (Kwh)			64 480 610	65 824 150
	Units sold (Kwh)			59 639 387	61 686 265
	Units lost during distribution (Kwh)			4 841 223	4 137 885
	Percentage lost during distribution			7.51%	6.29%
	Loss in Rand Value			2 221 777	1 316 981

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

46	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT	2015 R	2014 R
46.1	Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS		
	Council subscriptions Amount paid - current year	433 300 (433 300)	410 301 (410 301)
	Closing balance	-	-
46.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance Current year audit fee	3 784 579	536 427 3 461 621
	External Audit - Auditor-General Internal Audit Audit Committee	3 721 990 1 415 61 175	3 145 320 247 515 68 786
	Amount paid - current year	(2 508 146)	(3 998 048)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	1 276 433	-
46.3	<u>VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]</u>		
	Opening balance Amounts received - current year Amounts received - previous year	(269 710) (1 204 569)	251 701 (1 305 090) (296 660)
	Amounts paid - current year	2 938 989	1 110 656
	Amounts paid - previous year Amounts claimed - current year	44 307 1 204 569	44 959 1 079 687
	Amounts payable - current year	(3 024 797)	(1 154 963)
	Closing balance	(311 210)	(269 710)
	Vat in suspense due to cash basis of accounting	5 338 605	2 218 674
	VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors.		
	All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.		
	Refer to note 11 for further disclosure regarding the balances receivable from and payable to SARS		
46.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening Balance Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	- 5 342 464 (4 889 686)	384 143 4 806 297 (5 190 440)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	452 778	-
46.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Opening balance	-	698 469
	Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions Amount paid - current year	9 608 505 (9 608 505)	9 162 722 (9 861 191)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		

46.6 Councillor's arrear consumer accounts - [MFMA 124 (1)(b)]

The following Councillors had arrear accounts for more than 90 days during the financial year and on 30 June 2015:

None

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

46 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINUED) 2015 2014 R R 46.7 Supply Chain Management Regulations Deviations During the year under review the municipality procured goods and services in accordance with the requirements of the supply chain management policy and all deviations from the policy and its related regulations were noted and condoned by council. The non-compliance noted and condoned by council were as follows: Impractical to follow SCM process 1 239 020 1 663 478 Emergency 44 255 108 792 Single Provider 211 413 1 494 688 Total 1 772 270 46.8 Other Non-Compliance

The municipality did not comply with section 65 (2) (e) of the MFMA. All reasonable steps to ensure, that all money owing by the municipality be paid within 30 days (except Eskom) of receiving the relevant invoice or statement, unless prescribed otherwise for certain categories of expenditure, was not taken.

46.9 Trading with employees in service of the state (SCM 44)

During the year under review, the municipality engaged with the following employees in service of the state.

P Bushula (Director: Development and Town Planning Services at Senqu Municipality) J Niehaus (Department of Health)	Zoleka Estate: Construction Mubesko Africa CC	- 543 355	379 186 638 162
		543 355	1 017 348
CAPITAL COMMITMENTS			
Commitments in respect of capital expenditure:			
Approved and contracted for:		17 856 029	7 097 468
Infrastructure		17 856 029	7 097 468
Total		17 856 029	7 097 468
This expenditure will be financed from:			
Government Grants		17 856 029	7 097 468
		17 856 029	7 097 468

48 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

47

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

(a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality does not engage in foreign currency transactions.

(b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 48

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follow:

	2015 R	2014 R
1% (2014 - 1%) Increase in interest rates	75 306	31 793
0% (2014 - 0%) Decrease in interest rates	-	-

The South African Economy is currently in an upward interest rate cycle and there are no expectation for a decrease in interest rates on 30 June 2015 for the ensuing year.

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Receivables are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Receivables comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. On-going credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to receivables are considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears. Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levving of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt Collection Policy.

All services are payable within 30 days from invoice date. Refer to note 19 for all balances outstanding longer than 30 days. These balances represent all debtors at year end which defaulted on their credit terms

	2015 R	2014 R
Balances past due not impaired are as follows:	ĸ	ĸ
Rates	609 951	570 664
Electricity	373 002	973 073
Refuse	746 486	716 545
Other	267 160	328 656
	1 996 598	2 588 937

No receivables are pledged as security for financial liabilities.

Due to the short term nature of receivables, the carrying value disclosed in note 19 of the financial statements is an approximation of its fair value. Interest on overdue balances are included at prime lending rate plus 1% where applicable.

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. The banks utilised by the municipality are all listed on the JSE. The credit quality of these institutions are evaluated based on their required Securities Exchange News Services (SENS) releases as well as other media reports. Based on all public communications, the financial sustainability is evaluated to be of high quality and the credit risk pertaining to these institutions are considered to be low.

No restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents is considered to be low, the maximum exposure are disclosed below.

The risk pertaining to unpaid conditional grants and subsidies are considered to be very low. Amounts are receivable from national and provincial government and there is no expectation of counter party default.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

48 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Financial assets exposed to credit risk at year end are as follows:

Receivables (Exchange and Non-Exchange)	9 247 900	9 400 015
Cash and Cash Equivalents	13 505 738	8 895 481
Non-Current Investments	780 905	740 904
	23 534 542	19 036 400

(e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an on-going review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2015				
Long Term liabilities - Annuity Loans	405 559	1 622 236	2 027 795	1 011 827
Capital repayments Interest	221 538 184 021	1 004 131 618 106	1 568 960 458 835	940 211 71 616
Long Term liabilities - Finance Leases	699 243	-	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	638 950 60 293	-	-	-
Long Term liabilities - Hire Purchases	990 088	1 112 431	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	839 809 150 280	1 019 091 93 340	-	-
Provisions - Landfill Sites	-	-	4 091 916	3 162 498
Capital repayments Interest	-	-	2 717 377 1 374 539	1 544 972 1 617 525
Trade and Other Payables Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	74 119 974 11 150 680	-	-	-
	87 365 544	2 734 667	6 119 712	4 174 324

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2014	,	.,	,	
Long Term liabilities - Annuity Loans	405 559	1 622 236	2 027 795	1 417 386
Capital repayments Interest	210 863 194 696	955 746 666 490	1 493 359 534 437	1 285 735 131 651
Long Term liabilities - Finance Leases	729 048	697 822	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	565 536 163 512	638 348 59 474	-	-
Long Term liabilities - Hire Purchases	1 122 768	2 094 193	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	889 936 232 832	1 856 991 237 202	-	-
Provisions - Landfill Sites	-	-	3 943 446	2 797 677
Capital repayments Interest	-	-	2 541 980 1 401 465	1 345 731 1 451 947
Trade and Other Payables Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	50 286 706 7 697 500	-	-	-
	60 241 582	4 414 251	5 971 241	4 215 063

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

2015

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2014

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49 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with	GRAP 104 the	financial instrumer	its of the mun	icinality are	classified as follows:

	In accordance with GRAP 104 the financial instrun	nents of the municipality are classified as follows:		
49.1	Financial Assets	<u>Classification</u>		
	Investments			
	Fixed Deposits	At Amortised cost	780 905	740 904
	Consumer Debtors			
	Receivables from exchange transactions	At Amortised cost	8 590 155	8 348 562
	Receivables from non-exchange transactions	At Amortised cost	657 745	1 051 453
	Short-term Investment Deposits			
	Call Deposits	At Amortised cost	12 494 424	8 082 369
	Bank Balances and Cash			
	Bank Balances	At Amortised cost	1 007 261	809 309
	Cash Floats and Advances	At Amortised cost	4 052	3 802
			23 534 542	19 036 400
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS			
	At Amortised cost		23 534 542	19 036 400
49.2	Financial Liability	Classification		
	Long-term Liabilities and provisions			
	Annuity Loans	At amortised cost	2 268 101	2 354 698
	Hire Purchase	At amortised cost	1 019 091	1 856 991
	Capitalised Lease Liability	At amortised cost	-	638 348
	Payables from Exchange transactions			
	Trade creditors	At amortised cost	62 757 859	35 028 369
	Accrued Interest	At amortised cost	59 312	67 697
	Joe Gqabi District Municipality	At amortised cost	6 968 798	11 278 550
	Other Creditors	At amortised cost	1 811 455	795 241
	Deposits: Other	At amortised cost	360 776	244 840
	Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities			
	Annuity Loans	At amortised cost	221 538	210 863
	Hire Purchase	At amortised cost	839 809	889 936
	Capitalised Lease Liability	At amortised cost	638 950	565 536
			76 945 689	53 931 069
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY			
	At amortised cost		76 945 689	53 931 069
	EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE			

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MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES OF MALETSWAI AND GARIEP MUNICIPALITIES

The Minister of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs has requested the Municipal Demarcation Board to re-determine the boundaries of Maletswai and Gariep Municipalities as per section 122 of the Local Government Municipal Demarcation Board.

The Municipal Demarcation Board have notified the public of its intention to re-determine the municipal boundaries and invited written representations and views in terms of section 26 of the Local Government Municipal Demarcation Board Act, (MDA) 1998. Public meetings in all affected areas have been held in terms section 28 of the MDA and the Board has published the section notices inviting objections after which the boundary determinations will take effect in terms of section 23 notice of MDA. On 30 June 2015 the Municipal Demarcation Board had not yet gazetted the outcome of the Section 23 notice, however both municipalities have a passed a resolution in favour of the amalgamation.

The Member of the Executive Council (MEC) responsible for Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs in the Eastern Cape Province is yet to make provisions for transitional measures to facilitate the deestablishment of the existing municipalities and the establishment of a new municipality, in terms of section 14(5) of the Local Government Municipal Structures Act, 1998.

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

51 IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE

The municipality received donated assets to the value of R 50 815 (2014 - R 0) during the year under review.

52 PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

Council has not entered into any private public partnerships during the financial year.

53 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

54

		2015 R	2014 R
	Total contingent liabilities	100 000	135 000
	Aliwal North Buffels Rugby Club: The claimants suffered loss of equipment at the Rugby Club during the period that the Municipality was initiating renovations to the property. The claimants did not have insurance over their equipment and are now claiming for the value of the equipment from the Municipality.		35 000
	The outflow of the future economic benefits will be confirmed by the outcome of the court ruling, an event that will occur subsequent to year end over which the municipality has no control.		
	The municipality is not expecting any re-imbursement on the damages made against it and no contingent asset has been recognised.		
	Matthews Mbobo, Amanda Mbobo and Playlink Singers - Claims of R100 000 from the municipality made on 29 May 2014 regarding the special and general damages suffered by the claimant for economic loss incurrec in making 800 tickets which were sold in advance, advertising, making beamers and posters, making tickets, possible profit, possible selling of CDs and DVDs, booking, rental and deposit paid, inconvenience, humiliation, impairment of dignity and reputation resulting from an erroneous allocation or booking of the same venue to two different events at the same time. Adequate notice for cancellation was not given to the claimant for alternative arrangements. The municipality has opted to defend the case.		
		100 000	100 000
	The outflow of the future economic benefits will be confirmed by the outcome of the court ruling, an event that will occur subsequent to year end over which the municipality has no control.		
	The municipality is not expecting any re-imbursement on the damages made against it and no contingent asset has been recognised.		
		100 000	135 000
	RELATED PARTIES		
	RELATED PARTIES		
	Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.		
	The rates, service charges and other charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.		
54.1	Compensation of key management personnel		
	The compensation of key management personnel is set out in note 28 to the Annual Financial Statements.		
54.2	Other related party transactions		
	The following councillors were members of entities which was listed on the approved supplier database		
	None		
	The municipality engaged with the following related entities:		
	BJ Vorster (Heinrich Vorster (child) employed by entity):		
	Assistant Manager: Financial Services Gariep Technologies		21 210
			21 210
	Other related parties transactions relates to the acquisition of goods under terms and conditions applicable		

Other related parties transactions relates to the acquisition of goods under terms and conditions applicable to open market trading on a willing buyer and seller principles. The payment terms are not favourable to other transactions (other related parties) and are not secured or encumbered. Settlement terms are in accordance with the general terms of trade with no guarantees received or given. The provision for doubtful debts is not made as the municipality is not owed by the supplier and no bad debts expense was recognised on these related parties.

The municipality engaged with related entities in service of the state (SCM 44) - Refer to note 46.9

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

54 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

The Municipal Manager of the Maletswai Local Municipality is a non-executive director of Joe Gqabi Development Agency representing council as an ex-officio member.

Maletswai Local Municipality provides a site in Obbiebron Flats to Joe Gqabi Development Agency at no cost to the entity.

55 FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

The indicators or conditions that may, individually or collectively, cast significant doubt about the going concern assumption are as follows:

Financial Indicators

The current liabilities at year end exceeded the current assets and this could result in the municipality being unable to settle all of its liabilities.

Management will continue to put measures in place to ensure that municipal current assets are in excess of the current liabilities. Expenditure patterns and budget control measures will be enforced to reduce the expenditure that lead to an increase in current liabilities.

The number of days it takes to collect money from consumer debtors has increased from the prior year and this has placed constraints on the cash flow resulting in delays in settling the creditors.

Although the debtors' collection period has increased compared to prior year, management has continued to enforce the credit control measures through electricity disconnections, prepaid blockages and handover of long outstanding debts to attorneys.

The municipality experienced material losses in electricity usage to the value of R2 221 777 (2014 - R 1 316 981). This represents a loss of 7.51% (2014 - 6.29%).

Operating Indicators

No capital grant funds were utilised for operations in the 2013/2014 and 2014/2015 financial year.

A significant increase is noted in the amount of payables outstanding at year-end R 24 783 329 (2014 - R 17 857 353). This increase can mainly be attributed to Eskom and Joe Gqabi District Municipality.

Other Indicators

The municipality has incurred unauthorised, irregular and fruitless & wasteful expenditure as shown in note 45 above.

APPENDIX A - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

EXTERNAL LOANS	Rate	Loan Number	Redeemable	Balance at 30 JUNE 2014	Received during the period	Redeemed written off during the period	Balance at 30 JUNE 2015
ANNUITY LOANS							
DBSA	5.00%	102312 Maletswai Roads Network (TIP)	30/09/2027	3 945 703		210 863	3 734 840
Total Annuity Loans				3 945 703	-	210 863	3 734 840
HIRE PURCHASES							
ABSA (Telephone system) ABSA (TATA Truck) ABSA (Isuzu KB200I LWB) ABSA (2011 Rear Tipping Trailor) ABSA (2010 Vibrating Roller) ABSA (Isuzu KB200I Fleetside) ABSA (Isuzu KB200I Fleetside) ABSA (Sonalinka Tractor) ABSA (Mazda CX 7) ABSA (Mazda CX 7) ABSA (TATA Water Truck) ABSA (Nissan UD 330) ABSA (Isuzu KB 200I) Total Hire Purchases	10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25% 10.25%	70836411 81205030 80693198 80693759 80693899 80698530 80701808 80993701 83338631 83577440 83520421	01/11/2014 05/08/2016 15/02/2016 15/02/2016 15/02/2016 15/02/2016 01/05/2016 15/12/2017 01/03/2018 01/03/2018	63 482 220 114 56 907 29 814 53 367 72 503 81 605 158 236 598 241 1 280 632 132 027 2 746 927		63 482 99 841 32 981 17 279 30 929 42 019 47 294 78 705 149 799 295 259 30 440 888 027	120 273 23 926 12 535 22 438 30 483 34 310 79 532 448 442 985 373 101 587 1 858 900
LEASE LIABILITY							
MTN Rental NRG Rental	17.82% 17.34%		31/12/2015 30/06/2016	81 678 1 122 207	-	52 012 512 922	29 666 609 284
Total Lease Liabilities				1 203 884		564 934	638 950
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				7 896 514	-	1 663 825	6 232 690

APPENDIX B - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2014	2014	2014		2015	2015	2015
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
R	R	R		R	R	R
6 636 390	(12 491 361)			2 468 254	(11 844 351)	(9 376 097)
-	(3 106 513)	(3 106 513)	Municipal Manager	-	(3 366 463)	(3 366 463)
-	(464 000)	(464 000)	Integrated Development Planning	-	(359 957)	(359 957)
-	(420 555)	(420 555)	Special Program Unit	-	(493 381)	(493 381)
136 956	(8 025 806)	(7 888 849)	Corporate Services	642 464	(8 417 095)	(7 774 631)
-	(1 553)		Occupational Health & Safety	-	(8 220)	(8 220)
3 896 607	(3 777 120)	119 487	Traffic	3 691 566	(3 592 452)	99 114
11 639	(71 104)	(59 465)	Aerodrome	13 365	(77 824)	(64 460)
175 625	(10 751)	164 873	Commonage	257 899	(3 390)	254 509
30 449 332	(20 546 060)	9 903 272	Financial Services	30 335 572	(23 304 699)	7 030 873
11 436 797	-	11 436 797	Assessment Rates	11 150 337	-	11 150 337
246	(1 753 801)	(1 753 555)	Technical Services	1 548	(1 251 235)	(1 249 686)
1 793 076	(2 507 579)	(714 503)	Administration and Land Affairs	1 720 518	(2 430 038)	(709 520)
9 371 247	(12 441 073)	(3 069 826)	Public Works	6 596 132	(12 632 663)	(6 036 531)
4 382 593	(6 584 386)	(2 201 794)	Refuse Removal	5 160 943	(6 827 726)	(1 666 782)
912	(3 371 336)	(3 370 424)	Parks and Public Places	2 293	(3 426 886)	(3 424 593)
-	(19)	(19)	Cleansing	-	-	-
-	(1 767 569)	(1 767 569)	Community Services	50 815	(1 767 231)	(1 716 416)
10 000	(498 077)	(488 077)	Local Economic Development	6 585	(522 933)	(516 347)
173 863	(8 048)	165 815	Cemetry	177 302	(4 781)	172 522
19 781	(23 275)	(3 494)	Sport Grounds	2 254 796	(28 170)	2 226 626
709 697	(1 208 222)	(498 526)	Libraries	708 298	(1 422 501)	(714 203)
388 662	(3 049 012)	(2 660 350)	Aliwal Spa	319 512	(2 830 235)	(2 510 722)
203 167	(95 038)	108 130	Conference Centre	119 201	(94 016)	25 184
636 751	(29 169)	607 582	Nature Reserve	133 583	(393 888)	(260 305)
-	(1 617)	(1 617)	Museum	-	(1 737)	(1 737)
-	(1 461 711)	(1 461 711)	Housing	-	(1 741 678)	(1 741 678)
53 323 358	(53 611 430)	(288 072)	Electricity	55 937 659	(56 442 611)	(504 952)
123 756 700	(137 326 187)	(13 569 487)	Total	121 748 643	(143 286 160)	(21 537 516)

APPENDIX C - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

10 000 (1 382 633) (1 372 633) Planning and Development 6 585 (1 376 271) (1 369 686 43 816 162 (31 080 997) 12 735 165 Budget and Treasury 43 848 891 (34 160 052) 9 688 840 3 896 607 (3 777 120) 119 487 Public Safety 3 691 566 (3 592 452) 99 114 9 371 493 (14 194 874) (4 823 381) Road Transport 6 597 681 (13 883 898) (7 286 217 824 015 (111 025) 712 990 Other 404 847 (475 102) (70 255 4 383 505 (9 955 742) (5 572 237) Waste Management 5 163 236 (10 254 611) (5 091 375 408 443 (3 072 287) (2 663 844) Sport and Recreation 2 574 309 (2 858 405) (284 096 1 086 727 (3 080 493) (1 993 766) Community and Social Services 1 055 616 (3 290 266) (2 234 650 - (1 461 711) (1 461 711) Housing - (1 741 678) (1 741 678) 53 323 358 (53 611 430) (288 072) Electricity 55 937 659 (56 442 611) (504 952	2014 Actual Income R	2014 Actual Expenditure R	2014 Surplus/ (Deficit) R		2015 Actual Income R	2015 Actual Expenditure R	2015 Surplus/ (Deficit) R
	10 000 43 816 162 3 896 607 9 371 493 824 015 4 383 505 408 443 1 086 727	(1 382 633) (31 080 997) (3 777 120) (14 194 874) (111 025) (9 955 742) (3 072 287) (3 080 493) (1 461 711)	(1 372 633) 12 735 165 119 487 (4 823 381) 712 990 (5 572 237) (2 663 844) (1 993 766) (1 461 711)	Planning and Development Budget and Treasury Public Safety Road Transport Other Waste Management Sport and Recreation Community and Social Services Housing Electricity	6 585 43 848 891 3 691 566 6 597 681 404 847 5 163 236 2 574 309 1 055 616	(1 376 271) (34 160 052) (3 592 452) (13 883 898) (475 102) (10 254 611) (2 858 405) (3 290 266) (1 741 678)	(1 369 686) 9 688 840 99 114 (7 286 217) (70 255) (5 091 375) (2 84 096) (2 234 650) (1 741 678) (504 952)

APPENDIX D - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

Grant Description	Balance 1 JULY 2014	Correction of error	Restated balance 1 JULY 2014	Grants Received	Operating Expenditure during the year Transferred to Revenue	Capital Expenditure during the year Transferred to Revenue	Balance 30 JUNE 2015
GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND REC	EIPTS R	R	R	R	R	R	R
National Government Grants	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ	ĸ
Equitable Share	-	-	-	24 296 000	25 392 000	-	(1 096 000)
Skills Development Grant	-	-	-	91 552	91 552	-	-
Finance Management Act.	-	-	-	1 800 000	1 630 908	-	169 092
MSIG Funds	-	-	-	934 000	795 400	138 600	-
MIG Funds	4 290 225	-	4 290 225	12 029 000	1 581 504	7 000 389	7 737 331
DME Electricity Reticulation Fund	(1 120 341)	1 120 340	-	-	-	-	-
Expanded Public Works Program	-	-	-	1 201 000	1 201 000	-	-
	3 169 884	1 120 340	4 290 225	40 351 552	30 692 364	7 138 989	6 810 424
Provincial Government Grants							
Spatial Development Plan	361 000	-	361 000	-	-	-	361 000
1218 Link Houses	271 617	-	271 617	-	-	-	271 617
330 Houses Area 5 Services	168 331 63 514	-	168 331 63 514	-	-	-	168 331 63 514
Hilton 89 Houses	6 746	-	6 746	-	-	-	6 746
Area 13 - Fund	6 7 46 254 064	-	6 746 254 064	-	- 155 610	-	6746 98454
Aliwal Noord 100 Houses Fund	(251 439)	- 251 439	204 004	-	155 010	-	90 404
318 Houses Jamestown	373 367	231 439	373 367				373 367
Jamestown 858 Houses Planning	6 090	-	6 090	-	-	-	6 090
Jamestown 858 Houses	639 778	-	639 778	-	-	-	639 778
838 Wonings Fonds	690 403	-	690 403	-	-	-	690 403
DEAT - Waste Recycling Project	(1 658 941)	1 658 941	-	-	-	-	-
Land Survey Management	467 500	-	467 500	-	-	-	467 500
LED Garden Project Jamestown	104 863	-	104 863	-	7 410	-	97 454
Library Grant	-	-	-	704 000	704 000	-	-
	1 496 894	1 910 380	3 407 274	704 000	867 020	-	3 244 254
Total	4 666 779	3 030 720	7 697 500	41 055 552	31 559 383	7 138 989	10 054 680

APPENDIX E (1) - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)

Description			201	4/2015				2013/2014
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
Revenue - Standard								
Governance and administration	46 523	520	47 043	46 317	(726)	98.5%	99.6%	50 453
Executive & council	2 448	200	2 648	2 468	(180)	93.2%	100.8%	6 63
Budget and treasury	41 402	466	41 868	43 849	1 981	104.7%	105.9%	43 81
Corporate services	2 674	(146)	2 527	-	(2 527)	-	-	-
Community and public safety	7 063	7 871	14 934	7 321	(7 612)	49.0%	103.7%	5 39
Community and social services	1 183	(11)	1 172	1 056	(116)	90.1%	89.3%	1 08
Sport and recreation	402	9 085	9 487	2 574	(6 913)	27.1%	641.1%	40
Public safety	5 479	(1 204)	4 275	3 692	(583)	86.4%	67.4%	3 89
Economic and environmental services	11 918	(4 926)	6 992	6 604	(388)	94.5%	55.4%	9 38
Planning and development	78	(78)	-	7	7	#DIV/0!	8.4%	1
Road transport	11 840	(4 848)	6 992	6 598	(394)	94.4%	55.7%	9 37
Trading services	74 929	(3 080)	71 850	61 506	(10 344)	85.6%	82.1%	58 53
Electricity	64 748	(1 008)	63 740	55 938	(7 802)	87.8%	86.4%	53 32
Waste management	9 847	(2 120)	7 727	5 163	(2 564)	66.8%	52.4%	4 38
Other	334	48	382	405	22	105.9%	121.1%	82
Total Revenue - Standard	140 434	385	140 819	121 749	(19 070)	86.5%	86.7%	123 75
Expenditure - Standard								
Governance and administration	41 649	1 351	43 000	49 371	6 371	114.8%	118.5%	46 67
Executive & council	15 628	1 541	17 169	15 211	(1 958)	88.6%	97.3%	15 59
Budget and treasury	15 183	587	15 770	34 160	18 390	216.6%	225.0%	31 08
Corporate services	10 838	(777)	10 061	_	(10 061)	-	-	-
Community and public safety	12 021	584	12 605	11 483	(1 122)	91.1%	95.5%	11 39
Community and social services	3 617	22	3 639	3 290	(349)	90.4%	91.0%	3 08
Sport and recreation	2 790	466	3 256	2 858	(397)	87.8%	102.5%	3 07
Public safety	4 174	(121)	4 052	3 592	(460)	88.6%	86.1%	3 77
Housing	1 440	217	1 658	1 742	84	105.1%	120.9%	1 46
Economic and environmental services	12 026	301	12 326	15 260	2 934	123.8%	126.9%	15 57
Planning and development	1 740	91	1 830	1 376	(454)	75.2%	79.1%	1 38
Road transport	10 286	210	10 496	13 884	3 388	132.3%	135.0%	14 19
Trading services	64 034	197	64 232	67 172	2 941	104.6%	104.9%	63 67
Electricity	53 093	381	53 474	56 443	2 968	105.6%	106.3%	53 61
Waste management	10 788	(186)	10 602	10 255	(347)	96.7%	95.1%	9 95
Other	153	2	155	475	320	306.3%	310.8%	11
Total Expenditure - Standard	129 730	2 432	132 162	143 286	11 124	108.4%	110.4%	137 32
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	10 704	(2 048)	8 657	(21 538)	(30 194)		-201.2%	(13 56

APPENDIX E (2) - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL VOTE CLASSIFICATION)

Description	2014/2015							
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
Revenue by Vote								
Executive and council	2 448	200	2 648	2 468	(180)	93.2%	100.8%	6 636
Budget and Treasury Office	44 075	320	44 395	43 849	(546)	98.8%	99.5%	43 81
Community and Social Services	1 183	(11)	1 172	1 056	(116)	90.1%	89.3%	1 08
Sport and Recreation	402	9 085	9 487	2 574	(6 913)	27.1%	641.1%	40
Public Safety	5 479	(1 204)	4 275	3 692	(583)	86.4%	67.4%	3 89
Planning and Development	78	(78)	-	7	7	#DIV/0!	8.4%	1
Road Transport	11 840	(4 848)	6 992	6 598	(394)	94.4%	55.7%	9 37
Electricity	64 748	(1 008)	63 740	55 938	(7 802)	87.8%	86.4%	53 32
Waste Management	9 847	(2 120)	7 727	5 163	(2 564)	66.8%	52.4%	4 38
Other	334	48	382	405	22	105.9%	121.1%	82
Total Revenue by Vote	140 434	385	140 819	121 749	(19 070)	86.5%	86.7%	123 757
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated								
Executive and council	15 628	1 541	17 169	15 211	(1 958)	88.6%	97.3%	15 59
Budget and Treasury Office	26 021	(190)	25 831	34 160	8 329	132.2%	131.3%	31 08
Community and Social Services	3 617	22	3 639	3 290	(349)	90.4%	91.0%	3 08
Sport and Recreation	2 790	466	3 256	2 858	(397)	87.8%	102.5%	3 07
Public Safety	4 174	(121)	4 052	3 592	(460)	88.6%	86.1%	3 77
Housing	1 440	217	1 658	1 742	84	105.1%	120.9%	1 46
Planning and Development	1 740	91	1 830	1 376	(454)	75.2%	79.1%	1 38
Road Transport	10 286	210	10 496	13 884	3 388	132.3%	135.0%	14 19
Electricity	53 093	381	53 474	56 443	2 968	105.6%	106.3%	53 61
Waste Management	10 788	(186)	10 602	10 255	(347)	96.7%	95.1%	9 95
Other	153	2	155	475	320	306.3%	310.8%	11
Total Expenditure by Vote	129 730	2 432	132 162	143 286	11 124	108.4%	110.4%	137 32
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	10 704	(2 048)	8 657	(21 538)	(30 194)	-248.8%	-201.2%	(13 56

APPENDIX E (3) - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

Description	2014/2015							
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
Revenue By Source								
Property rates	12 783	-	12 783	11 150	(1 633)	87.2%	87.2%	11 43
Service charges	73 240	(3 648)	69 591	60 613	(8 979)	87.1%	82.8%	56 11
Rental of facilities and equipment	2 309	(100)	2 209	1 958	(251)	88.6%	84.8%	2 09
Interest earned - external investments	224	376	600	671	71	111.8%	300.1%	47
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	385	57	442	562	120	127.2%	146.1%	34
Fines	232	-	232	322	90	138.9%	138.9%	24
Licences and permits	3 090	(938)	2 152	1 798	(354)	83.6%	58.2%	2 07
Agency services	2 199	(251)	1 947	1 701	(247)	87.3%	77.4%	4 70
Transfers recognised - operational	30 682	122	30 804	31 559	756	102.5%	102.9%	30 35
Other revenue	4 858	(862)	3 996	3 883	(113)	97.2%	79.9%	7 33
Gains on disposal of PPE	34	32	66	393	326	591.3%	1154.7%	17
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	130 035	(5 212)	124 823	114 610	(10 213)	-2394.9%	88.1%	115 34
Expenditure By Type								
Employee related costs	50 927	(5 839)	45 088	42 056	(3 0 3 2)	93.3%	82.6%	41 06
Remuneration of councillors	3 608	-	3 608	3 465	(144)	96.0%	96.0%	3 29
Debt impairment	350	-	350	6 122	5 772	1749.2%	1749.2%	4 12
Depreciation & asset impairment	2 161	-	2 161	12 250	10 090	567.0%	567.0%	12 15
Finance charges	444	184	627	7 231	6 604	1153.0%	1630.0%	4 95
Bulk purchases	45 600	817	46 417	47 763	1 346	102.9%	104.7%	45 01
Transfers and grants	-	-	-	391	391	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	38
Other expenditure	26 640	7 270	33 910	23 646	(10 265)	69.7%	88.8%	25 73
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	362	362	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	60
Fotal Expenditure	129 730	2 432	132 162	143 286	11 124	5433.6%	110.4%	137 32
Surplus/(Deficit)	305	(7 644)	(7 339)	(28 677)	(21 337)	390.7%	-9402.1%	(21 98
Transfers recognised - capital	10 399	5 597	15 996	7 139	(8 857)	44.6%	68.6%	8 41
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	10 704	(2 048)	8 657	(21 538)	(30 194)	-248.8%	-201.2%	(13 56

APPENDIX E (4) - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY VOTE, STANDARD CLASSIFICATION AND FUNDING

Description	2014/2015							2013/2014	
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome	
Capital expenditure - Vote Single-year expenditure									
Executive and council	35	400	435	13	(422)	3.0%	37.5%	12	
Budget and Treasury Office	410	210	620	248	(372)	40.0%	60.6%		
Community and Social Services	40	10	50	18	(32)	35.1%	43.9%	1	
Sport and Recreation	35	9 049	9 084	2 480	(6 604)	27.3%	7086.1%		
Public Safety	20	400	420	12	(408)	27.3%	57.8%		
Housing	20		20	2	(18)	9.6%	9.6%		
Road Transport	10 069	(4 849)	5 220	4 270	(10)	81.8%	42.4%	8 60	
Electricity	20	1 397	1 417	1 639	(950) 222	115.7%	42.4 <i>%</i> 8193.6%	2 09	
Waste Management	55		55	266	211	482.9%	482.9%	2 00.	
Capital single-year expenditure	10 704	6 617	17 321	8 947	(8 374)	402.3%	402.3%	11 49 [.]	
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	10 704	6 617	17 321	8 947	(8 374)	52%	84%	11 49	
•••					. ,				
Capital Expenditure - Standard									
Governance and administration	445	610	1 055	261	(794)	24.8%	58.7%	47	
Executive and council	35	400	435	13	(422)	3.0%	37.5%	12	
Budget and treasury office	390	40	430	248	(182)	57.7%	63.7%	34	
Corporate services	20	170	190	-	(190)	-	-	-	
Community and public safety	115	9 459	9 574	2 511	(7 063)	26.2%	2183.6%	2	
Community and social services	40	10	50	18	(32)	35.1%	43.9%	1	
Sport and recreation	35	9 049	9 084	2 480	(6 604)	27.3%	7086.1%		
Public safety	20	400	420	12	(408)	2.8%	57.8%	:	
Housing	20	-	20	2	(18)	9.6%	9.6%		
Economic and environmental services	10 069	(4 849)	5 220	4 270	(950)	81.8%	42.4%	8 60	
Planning and development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Road transport	10 069	(4 849)	5 220	4 270	(950)	81.8%	42.4%	8 60	
Trading services	75	1 397	1 472	1 904	433	129.4%	2539.1%	2 39	
Electricity	20	1 397	1 417	1 639	222	115.7%	8193.6%	2 09	
Waste management	55	-	55	266	211	482.9%	482.9%	30	
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	10 704	6 617	17 321	8 947	(8 374)	52%	84%	11 49	
Funded bur									
Funded by: National Government	10 399	5 597	15 996	7 139	(0.057)	44.6%	68.6%	9 53	
National Government Provincial Government	10 399	5 597	15 996	/ 139	(8 857)	44.0%	00.0%	9 53 99	
	- 10 399	- 5 597	- 15 996	- 7 139	(8 857)	- 45%	- 69%	99 10 52	
Transfers recognised - capital	10 399	5 597	15 996 940	/ 139	(8 857) (940)	43%	09%		
Borrowing	- 305	940		- 1 808		- 469.6%	- 592.8%	10	
Internally generated funds	10 704		385		1 423			85	
Total Capital Funding	10 /04	6 617	17 321	8 947	(8 374)	52%	84%	11 49 [.]	

APPENDIX E (5) - Unaudited MALETSWAI LOCAL MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 CASH FLOWS

Description	2014/2015							
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Receipts								
Ratepayers and other	94 147	(3 369)	90 777	69 989	(20 788)	77.1%	74.3%	74 58
Government - operating	30 682	122	30 804	33 917	3 113	110.1%	110.5%	36 57
Government - capital	10 399	5 597	15 996	7 139	(8 857)	44.6%	68.6%	8 41
Interest	608	290	898	1 233	335	137.3%	202.7%	820
Payments								
Suppliers and employees	(126 143)	(2 881)	(129 024)	(91 357)	37 667	70.8%	72.4%	(96 27
Finance charges	(444)	(184)	(627)	(5 789)	(5 161)	923.0%	1304.9%	(3 67)
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	9 250	(426)	8 824	15 132	6 308			20 44
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE	34	32	66	447	380	672.7%	1313.8%	26
Decrease (increase) in non-current investments	410	-	410	(40)	(450)	-9.7%	-9.7%	(3
Payments								
Capital assets	(10 704)	(6 597)	(17 301)	(8 755)	8 546	50.6%	81.8%	(11 12-
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(10 260)	(6 564)	(16 824)	(8 349)	8 475			(10 90
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts								
Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits Payments	100	-	100	(118)	(218)	-118.1%	-118.1%	17
Repayment of borrowing	(1 105)	(87)	(1 192)	(1 664)	(472)	139.6%	150.5%	(1 55
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1 005)	(87)	(1 092)	(1 782)	(690)			(1 38
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(2 015)	(7 077)	(9 092)	4 610	13 702	-50.7%	-228.8%	8 16
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	(7 817)	-	(7 817)	8 895	16 7 12	-113.8%	-113.8%	1 11
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	(9 832)	(7 077)	(16 909)	13 506	29 724	-79.9%	-137.4%	8 89